

Pets, Birds,
Goldfish and Aquariums

Are bought and sold through the
Post-Dispatch Want Column.

The Post-Dispatch prints more Poultry, Birds and
Animal advertisements every Sunday than the TWO
other St. Louis Sunday newspapers COMBINED.

VOL. 70, NO. 40.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1917—12 PAGES.

NIGHT
EDITION

PRICE, \$1. St. Louis and Suburb, One Cent.
Elsewhere, Two Cents.

AIR RAIDERS REPULSED IN LONDON AREA

Germans Lose Two Machines
and Are Driven From
Southeast Coast Before
Reaching Capital—No Cas-
ualties Reported.

Military Experts at Sea as to
Significance of Cutting Off
of News From Allied Front
in West.

Petrograd Reports Capture of
Oromaru From Turks on
Caucasian Front—De-
stroyer Sunk in Baltic Sea.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Two German
airplanes which took part in last
night's raid over the southeast coast
of England, were brought down, it
is announced officially. No casual-
ties were caused by the raid.

The following official announce-
ment was made:

"Lord French, commander of the
home defenses, reports that the latest
information indicates that about 20
enemy machines participated in last
night's raid. Bombs were dropped in
a number of places in Kent, Essex
and Suffolk; but no casualties and
only insignificant damage has been
reported up to the present. Repeated
attacks were made on London, but in no case did the raiders pene-
trate the outer defenses.

"One enemy airplane is reported
to have been shot down in the
Thames estuary and a second one off
the coast."

The successful operation of the
British aerial defenses in the frustra-
tion of three attempts of German
raiders to reach London last night,
and the destruction of at least two
Gothas on the coast lead to the hope
that means have been found to deal
with moonlight visitors, as the Zep-
pelin were countered last year. It
is true that the condition of the sky
last night was not altogether favor-
able for night flying, but the defense
by airplanes and anti-aircraft guns
had been strengthened.

The raid, combined with the
continued attacks by army and navy
fliers on German airfields in Bel-
gium, is expected to amount to 100
of the activities of the Germans.

When the air raid warning was is-
sued in London, everybody took to
cover in the usual way. They waited
two hours without hearing the sounds
of a defensive gun or the bomb of a
raider, and it became evident that
the German airmen had been headed
off from the London area.

From the first telegrams received
from the coast, the feature of the air
raid seemed to have been the intense
volume of the defensive gun fire and
the speediness of the repulses of the
raiders. One dispatch says there was a
tremendous rate of gun fire all along
the Thames estuary. The British anti-
aircraft batteries at work put up a reg-
ular curtain fire. British airplanes
also went up after the raiders and
there was considerable air fighting.
Afterward the firing gradually died
away and the noise of the enemy's
engines grew less as the airplanes
sped to sea.

**GOVERNMENT ACCEPTS PLAN TO
INCREASE GASOLINE OUTPUT**

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The usual
artillery activity on both sides," says today's official commun-
ication. "There is nothing of interest
to report."

British aviators dropped seven tons
of explosives Thursday night on Ger-
man military establishments in Bel-
gium. The following official report
was given out today by the Ad-
miralty:

"On the night of Sept. 27-28 there
were bombing raids by naval aircraft
on the following objectives:

"The lockgate at Zeebrugge, the
St. Denys Western airbase, the
Gentrode airships shed and the
Houtay airbase.

"The bomb dropping at Zeebrugge
appeared to be good, while at Houtay
the bombs fell among hangars and
huts on the southwest side of the
airbase. Seven tons of explosives
were dropped. All the machines re-
turned."

Field Marshal Haig is extremely
laconic in his dispatch from the Brit-
ish front in France and Belgium.

The warnings yesterday from the
newspaper correspondents at the
front that nothing need be expected
from them for the time being, read
in this connection, tend to create an
air of tenuousness, with the possibility
seen of big events pending.

Military observers not on the spot,
however, seem at sea over the prob-
abilities. The interval since Wednes-
day's big attack appears too short for
the launching of another intended
offensive movement in Flanders and
there have been no patently visible
signs of preparation for a drive in
any other sector. The probability

WILSON NAMES THREE FOR COMMERCE COMMISSION

President Designates Selections to
Post in Legal and Consular
Service.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The
following were nominated today by
President Wilson to the three vacan-
cies on the Interstate Commerce
Commission:

Robert W. Woolley of Virginia, for
the term ending Dec. 31, 1920.

Clyde A. Atchison of Oregon, for
the term ending Dec. 31, 1921.

Charles R. Page of California was
nominated to the Federal Shipping
Board.

W. Gwynne Gardner was nominat-
ed to be Commissioner of the District
of Columbia.

Thomas A. Coleman of San An-
tonio, Tex., was nominated to be
Collector of Customs at San Antonio;
Zach L. Cobb to be Collector of Cus-
toms at El Paso, Tex.; Emon O. Ma-
honey of El Dorado, Ark., to be Unit-
ed States Attorney for the Western
Arkansas District.

Charles L. Dicker was nominated
by General Land Surveyor of
Wyoming; Thomas E. Owen to be
receiver of public moneys at Clayton,
N. M.; Charles A. Mansfield to be
receiver of public moneys at Williston,
N. D.; Pax Valverde to be Land
Office Register at Clayton, N. M.

Hampson Gary of Texas, Assistant
Solicitor of the State Department,
was nominated to be Consul-General
at Cairo, Egypt.

The Grafman Dairy Co. and the
Jersey Farm Dairy Co. will sell milk
at 7 cents a pint and 13 cents a quart
during October.

SCALE FOR MONTH ONLY

St. Louis and Pevely Companies
Say Competitor's Action Will
Not Influence Them.

TWO LARGE DAIRY COMPANIES ADOPT 13-CENT PRICE

Grafman and Jersey Farm Will
Retail Milk at That Figure
During October.

ANARCHISTIC WORKMEN START GENERAL STRIKE IN ARGENTINA

Socialistic Unions Refuse to Join in
Revolutionary Move—Buenos Aires
Street Railway Service Crippled.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 29.—A
general revolutionary strike
throughout Argentina was declared
today by the anarchistic workmen,
the strike to include all unions be-
longing to their federation. The So-
cialistic workmen's unions have
agreed to join in the movement.

The total compares favorably,

however, with the figures for Sep-
tember 1916, the third month of the
battle of the Somme, when the cas-
ualties were 119,549.

The severity of the fighting in
which the British have been engaged
during September, is indicated not
only by the total casualties of more
than 184,000, but by comparison with
the August figures, which were
50,811. Casualties in some of the
late August fighting in Flanders are
included in the September total, but
this may well be offset by late Sep-
tember casualties not reported in
the figures to be covered in the figures an-
nounced today.

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all offices of the board were declared vacant but opposed by Giraldin and Mansur and upheld by Mansur and Mayor Kiel.

While Giraldin was protesting that this proceeding was "unconstitutional and illegal," President Mansur tossed a paper to him, saying: "There is an opinion by the City Counselor that this action is legal."

Sheahan vigorously objected to being made treasurer of the board. "I don't want it," he shouted. After the vote was taken he again protested and President Mansur said to him: "You have heard the decision of the board. You are now treasury." Sheahan nodded his head, but made no reply.

The board voted to drop from the rolls John B. Mountjoy, superintendent of horses and assistant superintendent of garages. In his place it appointed Talmage J. Walton as superintendent of garages. He had been a clerk under Mountjoy.

Aylward Also Dropped.

John J. Aylward, chief clerk on the staff of the purchasing member, also was dropped from the rolls. He was a Sheahan appointee.

On the motion of Commissioner Robert Hanna, the transfer was approved by the board: Capt. Patrick Gaffney from the Mounted District to the Carondelet District; Capt. Robert Hanna, from the Soudar to the Mounted; Capt. George McNamee from the Carondelet to Wyoming, and Capt. Edward Phillips from the Wyoming to the Soudar.

Police Journal Congratulates Men on Their Work.

In reply to Police Commissioner William Giraldin's declaration that police conditions in St. Louis are dangerous, the Police Journal, the official organ of the department, today prints in editorial form an expression by the dominating faction of the board complimenting the members of the department in the following language:

"The men from Chief down are to be congratulated for having borne the burden of increased service in a creditable, loyal and highly efficient manner."

The editorial accompanies statistics published by the newspapers several days ago showing the enormous increase made in the first six months of the Mansur administration to be \$48 more than those during the corresponding period of 1916.

"No better proof of the efficiency of the Police Department can be offered than that reflected by the figures," is the Police Journal's comment.

SOCIALISTS SAY PAN-GERMANS ARE PROSELYTING IN ARMY

Government Interpellated Concerning Alleged Activities of Officers to Convert Soldiers.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 29.—The majority Socialists in the German Reichstag have interpellated the Government concerning official support of the pan-German agitation and the fatherland party and on the reported Government interference with the right of assembly.

The interpellation reads: "Is the Chancellor aware that in the army officers are conducting a vigorous agitation in favor of pan-German policies, and particularly also against the decisions of the Reichstag? What does the Chancellor contemplate doing to check this abuse by authority of officers?"

The intervention concerning the right of assembly accuses the home military authorities of manipulating the right of assembly one-sidedly in favor of pan-German propaganda.

Camp Dix Fire Investigated.

WRIGHTSVILLE, N. J., Sept. 29.—Rigid investigation of the fire which yesterday destroyed one of the barracks at Camp Dix, the national army cantonment here, has been ordered by Major-General Kennedy. While refusing to admit he suspected incendiarism, Gen. Kennedy declared there were circumstances in connection with the fire which had not been fully explained.

Help needed at home can be called through a Post-Dispatch Want Ad.

She Sues Son of Founder of Dry Goods Firm for Divorce



MRS. BEATRICE PROVOST SMITH NUGENT.

CITY OF 60,000 WHERE ALL WOMEN ARE BARRED

Only Compromise at Camp Funston Will Be "Petticoat Lane" Near the W. C. A. Building.

CAMP FUNSTON, Kan., Sept. 29.—A city of 60,000 men without women in it, 100 or around it. That is what Camp Funston will be when everything settles down to regulation military existence.

Women won't be allowed in the camp even as visitors, according to the present plans, and none will be allowed to stop here for meals. Everything will be done by men, from darning socks to operating telephone switchboards.

The present plan is to build a rest room for the Y. W. C. A. in the northeast section of the camp, just outside the regulation limits. Here women visitors can meet their friends, eat or sleep temporarily, sleep in quarters. There will be no rest lodges from the cotato to street car station, where a smaller rest room will be located, and the women will be allowed to pass between the two places.

Whether or not this order will affect the chorus girls in the vaudeville shows scheduled here this winter has not been announced, but word has come from headquarters that no women will be allowed on the reservation in the zone. The street, which exists so far only on a blue print, already has been nicknamed "Petticoat lane."

During the first eight months of 1917 the Post-Dispatch printed 60,734 Room and Board Want Ads. 7492 more than the three nearest St. Louis newspapers combined.

JULIAN LAKE NUGENT SUED FOR DIVORCE

Defendant, Questioned About Action, Says "Whatever Mrs. Nugent Says Is True."

Julian Lake Nugent of 29 Westmoreland place, son of the late Roy F. Nugent, today declined to make a specific reply to the allegations in the divorce petition filed yesterday by Beatrice Provost Smith Nugent.

"Whatever Mrs. Nugent says is true," he told a Post-Dispatch reporter.

Mrs. Nugent in her petition asserted that Nugent at various times became intoxicated in public places and she had to go after him and take him home. She also alleged he frequently expressed a desire for a divorce. She asks for the custody of the children, William B. and Julian Lake Jr.

Hotel Jefferson, where she is staying with her mother, Mrs. Nugent today said she would not ask for alimony. The Nugeents have been living apart since May 3 last.

GERMAN 'SLUSH FUND' WRANGLE BREAKS OUT ANEW IN HOUSE

Letter From Lansing Declares State Department Has No Evidence Involving Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The German "slush" fund wrangle broke out again on the floor of the House today with the presentation of a letter by Chairman Post of the Rules Committee from Secretary Lansing. The House Department had no evidence indicating members of Congress had any connection with Count Von Bernstorff's \$50,000 fund.

Secretary Lansing wrote:

"In this respect to your inquiry over the telephone today, addressed to the department, I beg to inform you that the department has no evidence that could in any way connect a member of Congress with the payment of money by the German Embassy in its propaganda activities. Lansing then quoted from his statement of Sept. 22, saying he did not see how Bernstorff's request to spend \$50,000 reflected upon Congress or any member. As soon as the letter had been read, Representative Norton of North Dakota and other demanded recognition.

The Speaker refused to grant Norton time and the House passed on to another question.

Acrimonious debate culminating in a physical encounter between Representative Heflin of Alabama and Norton of North Dakota, was precipitated in the House yesterday by a report from the Rules Committee that it had decided not to act on any of the various resolutions for an inquiry into whether members of Congress had been influenced by German money.

Five Autos and Motor Cycle Stolen.

Five automobiles and a motorcycle were reported stolen yesterday afternoon and last night. The motorcycle was the property of Mack Gamble of Johnson City, Ill., and the autos were owned by William Bassett, 1427 Chouteau avenue; Joseph A. Rouveyrol, 5780 Westminster place; Ludwig Porfido, 2648 Olive street; Harry S. Meyers, 2222A Oregon avenue, and Jeremiah Sheehan, 1012 Locust street.

CIRCULATION THAT SELLS THE GOODS

Average for the first 6 Months, 1917:

Sunday, 362,558 Daily and Sunday, 195,985

92% weekday in St. Louis and Suburbs.

Two More Big Record-Smashing Days

The POST-DISPATCH is proud of the continued confidence of its customers who, on Thursday and Friday of this week, bought more advertising space than on any previous September weeksdays in its history, thereby breaking, twice in succession, all St. Louis records.

Friday our Home-Merchants, who know what they are doing, contributed

120 Cols.

to the grand total, carried yesterday, of

154 Cols.

It is interesting to note that on the same day that these advertisers deluged the POST-DISPATCH with copy, they bought only

95 Cols.

in 3 out of all 4 of the other papers added together.

In fact all 4 of the other St. Louis papers—the Globe-Democrat, Republic, Times and Star combined—carried but 16 columns more than the POST-DISPATCH alone.

Mr. Merchant:

If things are moving slow you can "come back." The POST-DISPATCH route is the quick and profitable way to accomplish your purpose.

The POST-DISPATCH sells more papers in St. Louis and adjacent territory than there are homes in St. Louis.

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EXEMPTION OF MEDICAL RESERVE OFFICER REVOKED

Dr. Martin Hayward Post Jr. Was Excused by Ward Board; Government Contested.

FOUR APPEALS UPHELD

One Man Granted Temporary Stay, Another's Request for Rehearing Is Denied.

The District Appeal Board last night reversed the decisions of local boards in four Government appeals, refused a rehearing to a man whose exemption had been revoked and allowed another man who had been refused exemption on a Government appeal a temporary stay until Dec. 1.

The cases disposed of were:

Dr. Martin Hayward Post Jr., 5530 Delmar avenue, allowed exemption because of grounds of dependent wife; decision of local board reversed on Government appeal. Dr. Post holds a commission as First Lieutenant in the medical reserve corps.

Theophil Prizetak, 1615 North Thirteenth street, allowed exemption by local board; exemption revoked by district board on Government appeal; dependent wife.

William Lima Jr., 4027 Maffitt avenue, allowed exemption by local board; exemption reversed by district board on Government appeal; married man.

Fred H. Sachleben, 1310 Howard street, allowed exemption by local board on grounds of dependent parents; exemption reversed by district board on Government appeal.

The board refused to grant a rehearing to Arnold Jerome Barnett of Jefferson City, Mo., Westminster place, whose exemption, which was allowed by the Twenty-eighth Ward board, was revoked by the district board on a Government appeal. Barnett filed additional affidavits setting forth that his parents were dependent upon him. Affidavits of the Government attorney in the Twenty-eighth Ward showed Barnett was manager of Ben Barnett & Co., jewelry and pawnbrokers, of which his father is president.

The board refused to grant a rehearing to John W. Scott, Commissioner of the Permanent Seat of Government.

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I.W.W. LEADERS IN JAIL ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY

William D. Haywood, Secretary, Treasurer, Is Held and Bond Fixed at \$25,000.

166 MEMBERS INDICTED

Arrests All Over Country for Alleged Plots to Hinder Prosecution of War.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—The nine leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World who were arrested in Chicago last night on indictments charging sedition conspiracy, returned by a Federal Grand Jury against 166 members of the organization throughout the United States, were still in jail today, having been unable to furnish bonds which were fixed at \$10,000 each, except in the case of William D. Haywood, international secretary-treasurer, whose bond was fixed at \$25,000.

A large number of men were taken into custody with the leaders, by Deputy United States Marshals, but a number were released after being questioned, while others are being held as witnesses.

In addition to arrests here, Federal agents took into custody in other cities many who were included in the indictments which were returned yesterday as a result of evidence obtained in the raids on I. W. W. headquarters in various parts of the country early this month.

Arrests in Many Cities.

Arrests of leaders of the organization were made last night in San Francisco, Portland, Ore.; Des Moines, Ia.; Youngstown, O.; Huntington, W. Va.; Philadelphia, and Cambridge, Mass. Federal officials expect that other arrests will be made during the day.

United States District Attorney's office, in explaining the reasons for the wholesale arrests, in a statement on the I. W. W. activities, declared:

"The propaganda of the defendants consists of assertions that 'We are going to take possession of the industries of this country, first, because we want them; second, because we are in this crisis possessed of the power to put it over.' In addition there is running through all these endeavors a pronounced opposition to the support of the war."

Officer Is Questioned.

Since I. W. W. leaders yesterday Haywood has been the central figure in a series of questionings and investigations held by Hinton G. Claybaugh, representing the Department of Justice and his associates.

John L. Matzen, attorney for the I. W. W., was not taken in the raids, but was asked to be at hand when Claybaugh requested an interview.

Statements by Federal officials are that the offenses charged in the indictments are "next in gravity to treason itself and are defined in the criminal code immediately after the definition of treason and the punishment thereof. The belief is that all of the indicted will be brought to Chicago for trial."

It became known today that the indictments were returned by the grand jury yesterday before half of the evidence seized in the recent raids on I. W. W. headquarters had been examined. The sudden action is said to have been due in part to the convincing evidence exhibited and to the information in the hands of Government agents that the agitators were busy in various parts of the United States in spite of recent raids.

More than half of the indicted men are said to be natives of the central Powers or of the provinces they control.

Section of Espionage Law.

The sections of the espionage law of the United States code under which the men were indicted read as follows:

"Whoever, when the United States is at war, shall cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny or refusal of any duty in the military or naval forces of the United States or shall wilfully obstruct the recruiting or enlistment service of the United States to the injury of the service or of the United States, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for 20 years, or both."

Section 6 of the United States criminal code forbids conspiracy to overthrow the Government or to take any of the property of the United States, and violations of this code are punishable by a fine of \$5000 or imprisonment for six years, or both."

Section 19 prohibits violation of contracts and carries a fine of \$5000 and imprisonment for 10 years. Any person convicted of a violation of this code, according to the language of the section, "shall thereafter be ineligible to hold any office or place of honor, profit or trust created by the Constitution or laws of this country."

Section 27 deals with general conspiracy against the Government and fixes a punishment of a fine of \$10,000 or imprisonment for two years, or both."

Department Acts Swiftly.

Arrests speedily followed the return. Almost before the court proceedings had reached the stage of the discharge of the jury, Deputy marshals were on their way to the local I. W. W. headquarters in automobiles donated and driven by Marshals were on their way to the Federal Building holding prisoners with them. The first hour, 35 men, were haled into the Marshal's office and later were questioned by men of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice.

None but members of the I. W. W. were named in the indictments, the Government attorneys taking pains to specify that no others were

The Fine American Spirit

Drawn by Louis Raemakers, Famous Dutch Cartoonist.



Copyright, 1917, by Louis Raemakers.

Mr. Raemakers is in the United States drawing a series of cartoons on present-day episodes of the great war. These timely cartoons appear exclusively in the Post-Dispatch in St. Louis.

RIFLES READY WHEN SOLDIERS NEED THEM

Ordnance Chief Says Every Man Will Have Modern Gun When He Leaves America.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Because of current inquiries and complaints about the shortage of rifles for the new army, Brigadier-General William Crozier, chief of ordnance, yesterday made a statement calculated to set at rest the fears of state authorities and the newly drafted men themselves about proper equipment.

"Whenever a soldier is ready to go to Europe a modern rifle will be ready for him," he promises.

The statement of Gen. Crozier was born forth by a story that arms factories were idle, notwithstanding the shortage of small arms throughout the country. Here is his statement:

"My attention has been called to published reports that there is a shortage of rifles at the cantonments and that three rifle manufacturing concerns have been idle during the summer when they might have been manufacturing rifles."

"This is of the utmost importance that the United States should realize that the shortage of shipping is the most vital fact in the present situation and the building of merchant ships is of the utmost importance."

"The question the United States must face is whether, on the basis of the shipbuilding preparations she is now making, it will be possible for her to send any substantial force to France next spring without such a drain on the world's shipping as will subtract just as much from the fighting strength of the other allies as has occurred with us."

"However large and powerful the armada which the United States trains during the winter, it may be rendered absolutely useless as an addition to the fighting forces against Germany if there are no ships to transport it except at the cost of stopping the flow of vital necessities to the present armies."

"At the outset of the war it was recognized and explained that we could pursue two courses — either experience a perfectly endurable delay and produce a rifle with interchangeable parts to use standard ammunition or produce rifles more rapidly but without interchangeability of parts and incapable of using a uniform ammunition."

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"By waiting two or three months we have not only obtained a one-ammunition rifle, but a rifle with parts which may be interchanged quickly on the battlefields of Europe and which may be turned out by three factories in this country."

"There is now at each of the cantonments 5000 rifles suitable for drilling purposes. A rifle to each man is not imperative for purpose of drill, as companies can drill at different hours. The main thing is to supply rifles when the trained men are ready to leave and such rifles will be rapidly turned out now by three factories and two Government factories, which have equipped themselves during the summer for the work and can supply the rifles in sufficient numbers at the required time."

Milk Man Shot at Burglar.

Fred Hammer, a driver for the Grafenau Dairy Co., was mistaken for a burglar when he was delivering milk at the bakery of Charles Stamm, 2010 East Grand avenue, at 4 o'clock this morning. John Korany, an employee, was awakened by Hammer's footsteps in a side hall and fired several shots through a door,

U-BOAT TOLL EXCEEDS TONNAGE BEING BUILT

British Losses Since February Equal to Whole Losses From Aug. 1, 1914, to January, 1917

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Because of the unrestricted submarine campaign last February now approximate total losses before that period according to a statement authorized by the Controller of Shipping yesterday.

The statement indicated it was reasonable to expect Germany to destroy by next spring 200 vessels more than could be built in the meantime.

The Controller of Shipping authorized the Associated Press to make the following statement of the shipping situation and the urgent need for the United States to undertake a merchant shipbuilding program on a broad scale.

"It is of the utmost importance that the United States should realize that the shortage of shipping is the most vital fact in the present situation and the building of merchant ships is of the utmost importance."

"The question the United States must face is whether, on the basis of the shipbuilding preparations she is now making, it will be possible for her to send any substantial force to France next spring without such a drain on the world's shipping as will subtract just as much from the fighting strength of the other allies as has occurred with us."

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NORWEGIAN VESSEL IS SUNK

Loss of Sulven. Formerly Owned in America. Reported.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Norwegian Foreign Office reports the sinking in the Atlantic of the Norwegian sailing vessel Sulven, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

The Sulven until recently was the American schooner Louis Borsert. She was built at Bath, Me., in 1904, and was owned in New York until her transfer to Norwegian registry. Her gross tonnage was 605.

British Bark Wrecked; Crew Safe.

PORT ELIZABETH, Cape Colony, Sept. 29.—The British bark Colonial Empire, 2281 tons, has been wrecked. The crew was saved and the cargo is being salvaged. The bark was from an Atlantic port of the United States.

FOUR WOMEN IN 24 HOURS FORCED TO BIND ESCORTS

Negro in Each Case Stops Couple at Point of a Revolver.

ONE MAN SHOT IN ARM

Paperhanger Injured When He Points Out Shed Housing Black, Who Escapes.

The fourth report within a period of 24 hours of an attack on white couples by a negro, who, at the point of a revolver, compels the woman to bind her escort with a rope, reached the police at 12:15 o'clock this morning when Harry Dekreder, a paperhanger, 31 years old, of 1102 South Eighteenth street, ran into a saloon at Nineteenth street and Chouteau avenue, his hands tied together with an awning rope, and called for a revolver.

Dekreder said that he and his wife, Mrs. Margaret Dekreder, had been held up by a negro and marched into a hallway, where Mrs. Dekreder had been forced to the his (Dekreder's) hands. The negro then had ordered Mrs. Dekreder into a shed.

Negro Shoots Dekreder.

A crowd followed Dekreder from the saloon and as they approached the shed pointed out by Dekreder, the negro stepped from the doorway and after firing a shot at Dekreder, fled through an alley. Dekreder was wounded in the left arm. Mrs. Dekreder was found in the shed with most of her clothing torn from her body. She was hysterical. Her husband, ignoring his wound, saw that she got medical attention and joined in the chase after the negro, who escaped.

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THE POST-DISPATCH DAILY RECORD OF MARKETS AND FINANCE

QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK EXCHANGE SLIGHTLY IRREGULAR

Break in the Early Trading Is Followed by a Recovery—Liberty Bonds Again Score High Record.

American Foreign Trade Increased in August.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—American foreign trade increased during August, the Department of Commerce announced today, approximately one-half billion dollars worth of imports increased to \$115,500,000, imports \$45,000,000. Gold exports \$46,049,306, were nearly three times the volume of imports in August.

By Leased Wire From New York Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The Evening Post in its copyrighted financial review today says:

"With smaller activity than on any previous day this week, the stock market declined in the opening hour today, and recovered most of its losses in the second. United States Steel shares led in what movement there was; it fell one full point then advanced to the same extent."

"The market's attitude was largely due to the 5½ per cent Government war loan. This touched a new high record of 100.30 in the early trading, but it declined abruptly from that price to 100.02."

"There was some natural remainder that there was some rather definite limitation to an advance of this sort, when another war loan, with a higher interest rate, though with reduced immunity from taxation, is impending."

"There were some interesting movements in foreign exchange. The Russian ruble declined 4¢ from yesterday; its price of 15 cents compared with 17½ cents yesterday, and with a low figure of 11½ during the Korniloff advance on Petrograd."

The reason for this week's renewed decline is sufficiently obvious to the reader of the dispatches from Petrograd. The Scandinavian exchanges, as a rule, advanced over yesterday; but the rate on Stockholm did not change nor did that on Madrid.

DETAILED REPORT OF DAY'S TRADING IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The feature of today's early trading on the Stock Exchange was the new high record of 100.30 made by the Liberty bonds. Prices of stocks were little changed at the outset, but the last soon manifested a remarkable tendency on further selling of leading industrial and utility stocks.

On nominal trading today's brief stock market was another irregular price movement. Sales were again under special pressure. New York Central, Canadian Pacific, and Hudson 2½. Leading stocks averaged 1 point decline with other active issues, notably Flaherty & Collins, Atlantic, Atlantic & Gulf, & West Indies. Coverings of New York, 40.200, 37.25. The closing was firm. Sales approximated 600,000 shares. Liberty bonds were quoted between 100 and the new high price of 100.30.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Bank clearings in the United States for the week ending Sept. 25, 1917, amounted to \$5,675,000,000, against \$5,620,185,000 last week, and \$5,451,200,000 for the corresponding week last year.

Following are the returns for this week and the week of September 25, 1916, shown as a week as compared with corresponding weeks:

W. C. CITY. Sept. 27. **Ind.** 20. **Sept. 29.** 20.

N. Y. City. \$3,571,150,000. 2.9. \$3,548,000,000.

Philadelphia. 2,154,000,000. 2.9. 2,145,000,000.

Baltimore. 1,023,000,000. 2.9. 1,020,000,000.

Easton-Taylor Trust Co. 102. 100.

Grand Avenue Bank Co. 220. 210.

Harrington-Graves Trust Co. 98. 110.

Laclede Gas Co. 100. 100.

Meramec Trust Co. 100. 100.

N. St. Louis Sav. Trust Co. 190. 200.

State Bank Wellington 210. 210.

Towne Bank 112. 110.

Wells Fargo 80. 80.

Wellston First National Bank 220. 220.

Wellston Trust Co. 51. 51.

Preferred Stocks.

Reported by Mark C. Steinberg & Co., Investment Bankers, Boatmen's Bank Bldg., St. Louis.

Bid Asked

Bader Bank 180 180

Cass Avenue Bank 200 200

Commonwealth Trust Co. 150 150

Easton-Taylor Trust Co. 110 110

Grand Avenue Bank Co. 220 220

Harrington-Graves Trust Co. 98 110

Laclede Gas Co. 100 100

Meramec Trust Co. 100 100

N. St. Louis Sav. Trust Co. 190 200

State Bank Wellington 210 210

Towne Bank 112 110

Wells Fargo 80 80

Wellston First National Bank 220 220

Wellston Trust Co. 51 51

Unlisted Stocks.

Reported by Mark C. Steinberg & Co., Investment Bankers, Boatmen's Bank Bldg., St. Louis.

Bid Asked

Bader Bank 180 180

Cass Avenue Bank 200 200

Commonwealth Trust Co. 150 150

Easton-Taylor Trust Co. 110 110

Grand Avenue Bank Co. 220 220

Harrington-Graves Trust Co. 98 110

Laclede Gas Co. 100 100

Meramec Trust Co. 100 100

N. St. Louis Sav. Trust Co. 190 200

State Bank Wellington 210 210

Towne Bank 112 110

Wells Fargo 80 80

Wellston First National Bank 220 220

Wellston Trust Co. 51 51

Bank Statement.

Reported by Mark C. Steinberg & Co., Investment Bankers, Boatmen's Bank Bldg., St. Louis.

Bid Asked

Chevrolet 75 82

Edmunds & Jones 60 60

Mitchell Motor 35 45

National Motors 11 14

Reed's Truck 14 14

Spicer 27 27

Stromberg Carburetor 23% 23%

United Motors 210 210

Chicago Stocks Close.

Reported by G. H. Walker & Co., 307 N. Fourth street.

Bid Asked

Am. Can. 45% 45%

American Shipbuilding 90 90

Am. T. & S. 118% 118%

Conw. Edison 117% 118%

Dodge 100 100

National Biscuit 112 120

Met. Cam. 75 75

Quaker Oats 128 128

R. G. 96% 96%

Sears Roebuck 156 157

Swift & Co. 148% 140%

Stewart Warner 65% 65%

Tel. Co. 61 65

Union Carbide 179 179

Wheat Packing 63 64

Boston Stock Market.

Reported by G. H. Walker & Co., 307 N. Fourth st.

Bid Asked

American Zinc common 17 18

do pf. 54 56

Alcoa 118% 118%

Calumet & Hecla 120% 120%

Copper Range 125 125

East. & St. L. 120

Met. Cam. 75 75

Quaker Oats 128 128

U. S. G. 96% 96%

New Cornelia 161 175

United Shoe Machinery 160 160

Oils.

LINSEED OIL—In lots of from 1 to 10 barrels at \$1.25 per gallon for raw and \$1.30 for boiled.

COKE OIL—Winter white, \$1.41; summer white, \$1.30; summer yellow, \$1.30; cooking oil, \$1.30; paraffin, \$1.30; candle oil, \$1.30.

QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK EXCHANGE SLIGHTLY IRREGULAR

Break in the Early Trading Is Followed by a Recovery—Liberty Bonds Again Score High Record.

UNITED RAILWAYS STOCK ACTIVE ON EXCHANGE

Preferred Issue Sells in Good Blocks at \$21 to \$21.50; Bonds Are Steady.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings, Balance, Sept. 29.

Reported daily by Stifel-Nicolais Inv. Co., 200 South Dearborn Street.

MINES Atlanta 220, Big Lodge 100, 100,

Butte C. & Z. 84 128, Colorado 100,

Emma Copper 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40,

Gulf & Colorado 100, 100, 100, 100,

Harrington 200, 200, 200, 200, 200,

Kennecott 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Leadville 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Midwest 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Missouri 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Montana 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Mountain 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

North Star 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Rocky Mts. 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Utah 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Virginia 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

W. Va. 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Wyoming 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

Zinc 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,

New York Curb Close

Reported daily by Stifel-Nicolais Inv. Co., 200 South Dearborn Street.

AMERICAN MOTOR CO. 200, 200, 200,

ATLANTIC MOTOR CO. 200, 200, 200,

For Death Notices
See Preceding Page.

DEATHS

ENTHOFEN—Entered into rest on Friday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 11:30 p.m., Mrs. Anna Enthofen (see Noack), and the late Theodore Enthofen, and dear sister of Roy Enthofen, aged 7 years. Funeral on Monday, Oct. 1, at 2 p.m., from 3441 Chippewa street, thence to New Cemetery. Friends invited. **JACKE** (Ind.) papers please copy.

FISTER—Entered into rest at her residence, 5525 Hartford street, on Friday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 1 p.m. Pauline Fister, beloved mother of Otto and Julius Fister, aged 75 years. Funeral on Monday, Oct. 1, at 1:30 p.m., from Ziegenhein Bros' Chapel, 2422 Cherokee street, thence to Mayfield Cemetery. Deceased was a member of Col. Meumann Post, No. 18, Woman's Relief Corps. (c)

GARVEY—Entered into rest Friday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 11:15 p.m., Mrs. Thomas Joseph Garvey, of the Tenth District, beloved husband of Julia Garvey (nee Maddox), and dear father of Frances and Agnes Garvey, and brother of Mrs. Theresa Stanley (nee Garvey) and Mrs. James P. Golden (nee Garvey). (c)

HENRY—Entered into rest Thursday, Sept. 27, 1917, at 11:45 a.m., Clifford W. Henry, beloved son of Albert and Alice Henry (nee Wright), dear son of Mr. J. D. Hoenig, aged 21 years. Funeral from his family residence, 4444 Maffitt avenue, on Sunday, Oct. 1, to Visitation Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends respectively invited. Carriages to be had. (c)

METZGER—Entered into rest Friday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 11:15 p.m., Mrs. William Joseph Metzger, of the Tenth District, beloved husband of Julia Garvey (nee Maddox), and dear father of Frances and Agnes Garvey, and brother of Mrs. Theresa Stanley (nee Garvey) and Mrs. James P. Golden (nee Garvey). (c)

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LUDWIG—Entered into rest at his residence, 2245 Grand Avenue, on Saturday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 11:15 p.m., John Ludwig, beloved husband of Phillipine Ludwig (nee Hauck), dear father of Louis, Howard, and Carl Stiegelmann, Minnie Seeherr (nee Stiegelmann), Mike Stiegelmann and Louis Stiegelmann, and uncle of Louis, Carl and Uncle, at the age of 62 years. (c)

OFFICIAL NOTICE—The Missouri State Board of Embalming will meet in St. Louis, Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1917, at 10 a.m., for the purpose of examining applicants for licenses and such business that may require them to be issued. (c)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF EMBALMING—Louisville, Kentucky. (c)

FRANK C. HALEY JR. President. (c)

MACKIN—Entered into rest Friday, Sept. 28, 1917, at 11:15 p.m., Rick Mackin, beloved father of William J. John F. Richard J. Mary K. and Nona A. Mackin, and our dear brother and friend. (c)

PLUMMING—For prompt service on plumbing repairs, call Delmar 2829. Get our prompt and reliable attention. (c)

TUCKPOINTING—And granite work done well. (c)

DRUG CLERK—Registered or Junior; 3 or 4 years' experience. Cordes & Gravola. (c)

DRUG CLERK—Registered, assistant, Gainsborough Drug Store, 611 Collingswood Ave., East St. Louis. (c)

DRUG CLERK—Registered, relief Tuesday or Wednesday; references. Call 1447. (c)

DRUG MAN—Registered or Junior. Phillips Pharmacy, Kirkwood. (c)

STENOGRAPHIC—Inaptitude for model maintenance at night, familiar with d. o. and c. cement; must be steady. (c)

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been beaten three
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been returned win-
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and southpaws and
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of the old officers
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second vice presi-
third vice presi-
becker, fourth vice
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tee at Large, R. G.
R. R. Moore,
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Junkin, Dr. W. D.
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Editorial Page
News Photographs
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1917.

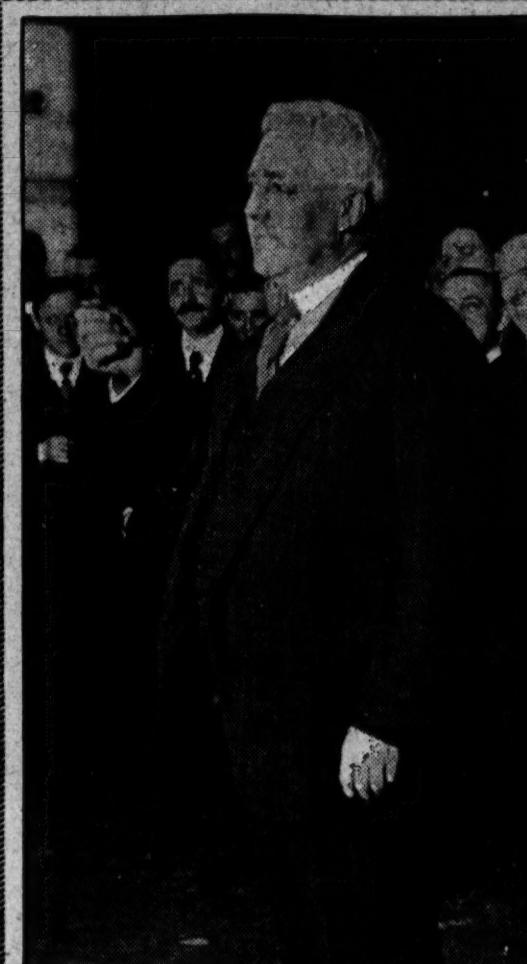
ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

Popular Comics
Women's Features
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1917.



British women munition workers marching to the town hall at Birkenhead to welcome Premier Lloyd George, who was a guest of the city.



Italian airplane
chasing an Aus-
trian above the
snow-covered Alps

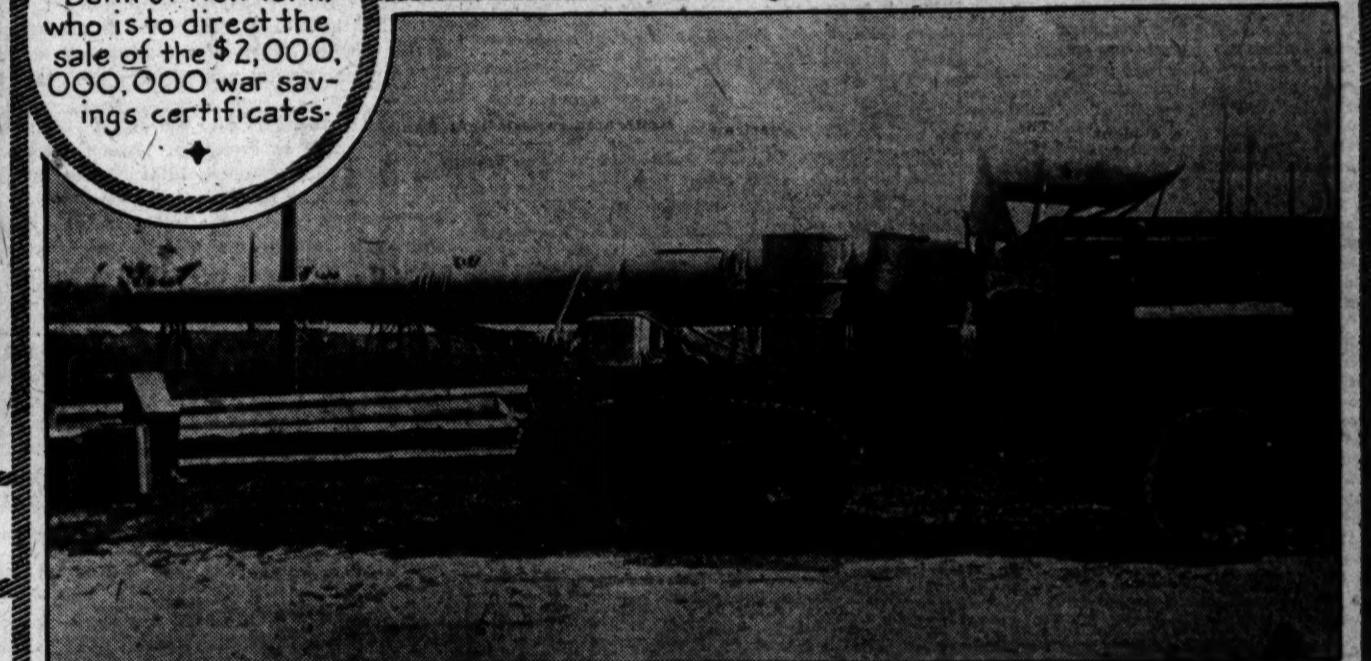
© INTERNATIONAL FILM SER.



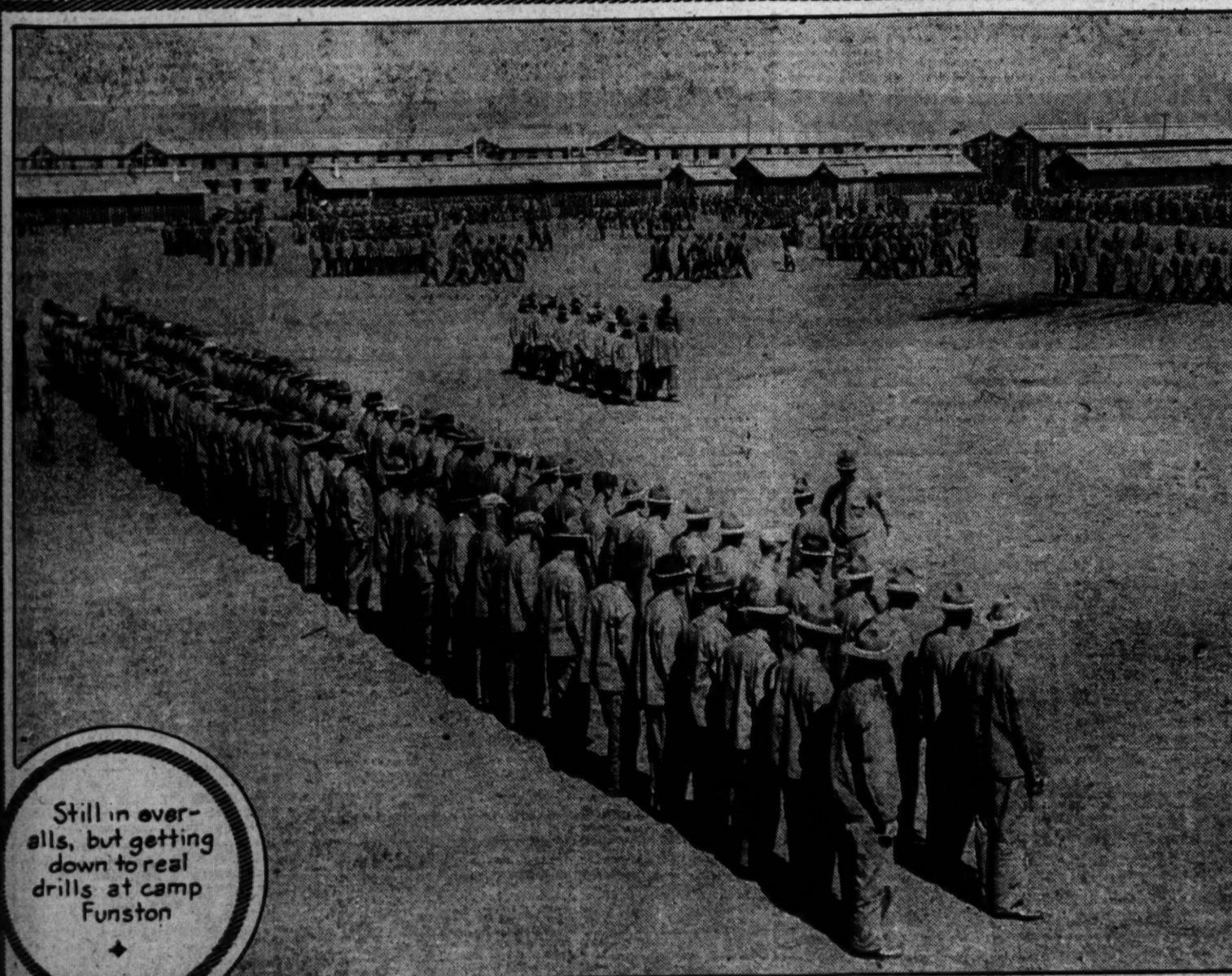
A new portrait of Miss Margaret Wilson,
daughter of the President



Count de Celere, Italian Ambassador to the United States and
his family. He has been made High Commissioner of Italy.



Italian motor truck equipped with caterpillar wheels for taking big guns up mountain grades.



Still in over-
alls, but getting
down to real
drills at camp
Funston



The Postal Telegraph Company's staff of messenger girls in St. Louis

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 12, 1878.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth and Olive Streets.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Average for first six months, 1917:
Sunday, 362,858

The POST-DISPATCH sells more papers than any other newspaper in the city.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the news of the world. It is not credited or otherwise credited in this paper and the local news is gathered from reliable sources. The representation of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE
Daily and Sunday, one year.....\$25.00
Sunday only, one year.....\$25.00
Remit either by postal order, express money order or St. Louis exchange.

By carrier, 1 in St. Louis and Suburbs, per month.....50
Carrier, Out of St. Louis, per month.....50
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail. Olive 6669 Kinloch Central 6669

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be directly independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

United Railways Logie.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
The United Railways have advertised that if the city retains the mill tax and enacts the most favorable of the two proposed laws for the settlement of their problem they will save in taxes \$100,000 a year. In their next ad they say that their net earnings a year are \$1,000,000 short of enough to pay 6 per cent on the proposed \$60,000,000 capitalization.

If after retaining the \$100,000 taxes their earnings will still be \$870,000 less than enough to pay the allowed 6 per cent on their capitalization they should tell their readers, not only from where they are going to get the additional money to make up the deficiencies and improvements that they have repeatedly promised in their ads they would make. Also from where and how much they are going to get to split 50-50 with the city after all other disbursements have been made.

FELIX P. LAWRENCE.
4349 Kennerly avenue.

Frederick's "Uselessness."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
From a recent news item from Jefferson City we are advised that Gov. Gardner, in considering the application of A. H. Frederick for a parole will readily approve the parole if the Prison Board will recommend it, and then follows the remarkable statement:

The Governor has no doubt but what Frederick is broken in health and spirit, and that he can never be of any service to the State as a prisoner. From a recent news item from Jefferson City we are advised that Gov. Gardner has promised us a business administration, and here we have evidence of it, as well as a new idea in penology. To look a man up in the penitentiary when he could be of no service to the State, but, on the contrary, an expense, does not appeal to the business acumen of our Governor, founded on a long career as a successful business man, if this correctly represents his opinion. If it is carried out in all the possibilities that it presents, might make the penitentiary and the enforcement of the criminal law a source of great profit to the State.

We might enforce the criminal law after the idea suggested by a Roman Emperor who had three prisoners brought before him—a Gaul, a German and a Briton. A Briton in those days was a sorry-looking individual. The Emperor, realising that the Briton was useless for all purposes, ordered him turned loose, and ordered the Gaul and the German into slavery. We might even go further and impose as court costs and expenses of convicting those "who can never be of any service to the State as a prisoner" by having the Chief of Detectives give the accused the "once over," and if he is found deficient and not likely to be of any service to the State, to have him turned loose without further ceremony. On the other hand, if the accused in a "husky," the jury will be instructed to consider that fact in determining the measure of his punishment, which will be the nature and intent of the crime. In this way would fit the penitentiary only with the physically fit and save the expenses of undertaking to punish those who can never be of any service to the State as prisoners.

P. E. P.

Overlapping Milk Deliveries.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
While it is true that the St. Louis milk distributors combine with the Illinois milk producers' combine is raging, with the attendant public discussion, involving investigations into cost of production and distribution, let us not overlook the wasteful multiplicity of distribution in this city. The wagons of nine different milk distributing companies serve the city block in which I live. One wagon would be sufficient. It is about all the same quality of milk. Of course, the stockholders in these different concerns need the money in the guise of dividends, and the owners are obliged to work. Some months ago the dear people were squeezed in the row between the milk distributors and their drivers in a strike. Now the innocent bystander is the victim of a little gentleman's disagreement between the milk producer and the grossly and unnecessarily multiplied distributor. Suppose you had nine milk carriers coming to your front door every day. That would look silly, wouldn't it?

J. J. D.

Comfort for Missourians.
From the Syracuse Post-Standard.
Missouri may find comfort in the knowledge that Jim Reed wasn't born in the State and Gen. Pershing was.

An Armistice.
From the Daily Oklahoman.
As far as we can judge the news from Washington, Senator Gore has caused war on the United States.

THE VICTORY LOAN.

The second mobilization of dollars for the war will begin next Monday, Oct. 1. It is appropriate that it should come shortly after the second contingent of men for the national army has been mobilized.

The essentials to victory in war are men and money. Money represents everything needed for war except trained and valiant men. It means food, clothing, guns, ships, ammunition, labor—all the necessities of war.

stroyed any possibility of constructive martyrdom, always a danger in such cases.

The Russia which loathes and abhors Soukhomlinoff would have done better to send him unharmed to Germany, which would have had a welcome for him hardly more cordial than that of his home, and which would have been punished in the same penalty werewith the traitor was punished and in a degree approximating the severity of his.

PROFITS IN MILK DISTRIBUTION.

Nobody has won the fight against exorbitant milk prices in St. Louis. The reported agreement between the producers and distributors will mean an increase of about \$5000 a day in the cost of milk to the consumer, or \$1,250,000 a year. If there is any means of preventing this increase the authorities should take action.

The profits sought by local milk distributors appear to be unreasonable. Ignoring fractions, the 46 quarts in each 100 pounds will bring the dealer, at 14 cents a quart, \$6.44. With the price at 11 cents he was getting \$5.06. So that, for his service in distributing these 46 quarts, the cost of which service is no more than before, he is charging his customers an extra \$1.38. What excuse has he for taking this \$1.38 per 46 quarts on his charge for distribution?

Figuring another way, under the 14 cents price, the dealer will get \$6.44 for his 46 quarts. He will pay the wholesaler \$3.20. Hence his gross profit will be 3.24 cents, or over 100 per cent. Is there any other business, engaged in distribution, that can show such a gross profit? How can the dealers justify it?

Milk handling and distribution is of vital importance to the public. Milk is not a luxury. It will not help the milk handlers to call attention to the high prices of other food products. The babies can make use of nothing but good milk. And the same is largely true of invalids, especially those suffering from tuberculosis. With prohibitive milk prices, we may look for an increase in the number of deaths from the white plague.

The aldermannic committee should get all the facts, and city and State authorities should do everything possible to protect the public with regard to this necessary food product.

A SUGGESTIVE WAR POSTER.

Safety first is the operation of livestock trains, establishment of village pounds, fences more truly hog-tight, greater vigilance on the part of section hands and trainmen are all enjoined in President B. F. Bush's poster on the waste caused when food animals are accidentally killed by trains.

Doubtless this is a phase of such accidents on which the public has never before taken thought. Figures showing that in Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana 121,596 head of livestock—41,636 being cattle and 62,569 swine—have been killed on railroads in five years, make it plain that the subject is an important one to war conservation. It is a waste from which something might be reclaimed in hides and fats for use in the arts but for the farmers' habit of accepting full loss and collecting damages at magnified values from railroads.

If some farmers used to contrive to have their livestock killed at crossings, present prices remove any incentive for so doing. Effort to save enough each year to provide the meat ration for nearly 400,000 men for a month—these figures indicate the extent of the present waste—is worth while, even if it puts some claim agents out of a job.

EXTENDING MR. BURLESON'S AUTHORITY.

No citizen of patriotic sentiment wants to lessen any handicaps the Government may thing proper to impose on papers of unquestionably disloyal views. It may be wise to provide under penalties that common carriers and individuals shall give no assistance in transporting and distributing such troublesome publications.

This, however, is not what Congress did in adopting an amendment to the trading-with-the-enemy bill. The amendment does not provide that disloyal and seditious publications shall be denied transport by express companies and others.

It provides that publications which Postmaster-General Burleson says are disloyal and seditious and which he may previously have barred from the mails shall be denied such transport, which is quite another thing.

Mr. Burleson's judgment in ruling things out of the mail cars heretofore has not been of such quality as to create any particularly imperious demand for giving him authority to rule things out of express cars and the freight cars also. Such publications which he has deprived of mail privileges and which have since been put to the great expense of circulating through express facilities seem rather innocuous, or at least to indulge only in criticism within their rights.

A man on trial under such a provision should at least be entitled to demand proof that the publication he helped to circulate actually was disloyal and seditious. He should not be imprisoned on a mere showing that Mr. Burleson had excluded the publication from the mails, perhaps mistakenly and even illegally. Unreasonable repression is only an invitation to a reaction.

A BRUTAL UTTERANCE.

At the East St. Louis milk conference, one of the Southern Illinois dairy owners, L. G. Neuremberg of New Athens, replied to the plea of St. Louis mothers for a reasonable price for milk in these words:

Talk about babies suffering. Let me tell you, my wife raised nine, and she didn't park up like city women and go around bawling that her babies were suffering for milk. She took care of her babies herself.

The mother of nine children certainly deserves better treatment than to be made the pretext for a coarse gibe at other mothers. But, aside from the bad taste of Neuremberg's remarks, their implication is untrue. The most robust and willing mother cannot provide nourishment for a 2-year-old child without a liberal supply of dairy milk.

The incident of Clement Laird Vallandigham's dispatch through the Union lines to his supposition friends among the Confederates did not work out just as Mr. Lincoln intended it should when he changed the court martial's sentence of imprisonment, but it indicates a way of dealing astutely with such offending human nature. The assumption that that was the place where he learned how far their worry is necessary, and how far it is the result of brutalized greed.



JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

THE PINE.

O HARP of the North-wind,
Proud, poet of night,
What songs once forgotten
My heart now invite.

Thy mother the forest,
Thy father the sea—
He gave thee thy music,
She watched over thee.

Sing ye of the ages
When men were yet young,
And thou wert a poet
Ere man's song was sung?

Sing ye of that glory
When Earth beheld morn,
When all men were brothers
Ere hate had been born?

Thou sighest and sleepest,
And singest at last
Sweet hope for the morrow
Its tales of the past.

Thy heart-strings are vibrant
With tunes not in vain,
Though men may not hear thee,
I listen again.

Mason, Ill. COURTLAND WADE MATTHEWS.

IN SIGNS.

On a barber shop, Bourbon, Mo.:

Gasoline

Shaves Baths

Gasoline

TO QUERIES.
Information bureau, if you have any queries by mail or

HINTS.
salt hardens the gums, loose teeth. After suffering from the trouble to chew any solid food, a mouth wash, diluted solution of a teaspoon in water, several times a day, may with the use of salt, be of the right kind of dentist might cure.

OLD HELPS.
station stains: Sponge cloth and ether in equal parts and touch lightly with a cotton ball. When quite dry, if powdered French chalk is spilling lay blot, prevent formation of stains.

GOULD TAILORING CO.

Sept. 17, 1917.

We have repeatedly tried to collect the \$15 you owe us for a suit made more than two months ago. Unless the bill is paid by the first the master will be placed in the hands of a collection agency with instructions to bring suit. Yours, etc.

GOULD TAILORING CO.

Dec. 5, 1912.

Dear Mr. Smith:

We are sorry to be compelled to call attention to the fact that a bill for \$25 that you have owed us for nearly a year has not yet been paid.

Will you please drop into our shop and attend to the matter without further delay? Respectfully yours,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

April 7, 1918.

Dear Mr. Smith:

We would consider it a great favor if, at your convenience, you could send us a check for the \$125 due us for the dress clothing made to your order last July. Were it not for the fact that we have heavy payments to meet on the first, we would not have presumed to call this small matter to your attention. We trust you will not be annoyed, but a man as busy as you are is likely to forget trifles.

We have just received some unique suitings from our Belfast mill and should be delighted to have you come in and make your selections. We will hold the best of the lot until you have looked them over. With assurances of our highest esteem, we remain,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

March 8, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Smith:

Please accept our humble apology for the grievous mistake made by our mill which will be discharged if you desire it. The error occurred in this way:

The young man was told to take a number of bills that were several months overdue and go out and collect them. Through stupidity he accidentally got hold of your statement for \$320 for the summer clothing you had made last season.

Of course you understand, Mr. Smith, that sending a collector to you was furthest from our thoughts. Please excuse the oversight. We promise that it will not occur again.

We have on hand some excellent woolens from England. Would it be convenient for you to have us send a sample to your residence with some samples?

We hope that you will not consider that this letter is in any way a reminder of the bill you owe. It is a real pleasure to have you on our books.

Humbly yours,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

Movies Teach Rookies to Shoot

ONE of the most interesting of the several uses of moving pictures in war time, as described by Homer Croy in the October "Everybody's," is the animated rifle range. "It's all right," says the author, to set up a rifle range, shoot at a bull's-eye painted on iron and have your chest hung with medals; but when you get over on the other side you find they have run out of bull's-eyes. Aloha! what you have to shoot at over there, a saucer looks as big as a barrel of flour. Then your objective is on the move, too. You where are it and you don't know whether you have landed or plowed up a potato patch.

"That's where the new military animated targets come in. They bring the pictures back from the front—pictures of the Germans coming up out of the trenches—and throw them on the screen, and they're your target. Instead of having a silver screen, like a regular motion-picture theater, the screen is made of paper and it keeps moving. And instead of having an audience sitting around sighing every time the world mistreats the beautiful lady, there are recruits standing around with rifles in their hands learning to shoot."

Benzal, a well-known chemist, recommends the use of one or two drops of camphorated oil to disengage the disengaged skin. It is due to a product of substances by bacteria, apply glycerin freely to the skin every morning and the skin will disappear. Washington University has electrical engineering courses. The "Principles of Direct Current Machinery," and "Engineering Practice." Algebra and physics is required. While a general knowledge of arithmetic is all for the second course.

During the first year, the weight of weight except in small quantities, will be lost by the bushel. The ordinary ton of 2000 lbs. is lost in the first year and retained.

The canvas bag which now days is up to 100 lbs. and 20 of light, but it is said many of

dividend stocks, if not paid up, are cumulative dividends not enough the business stockholders per cent out of second only 6 per cent is due to the owner's earnings. Noncumulative stock is stock on which dividends entirely on the earnings each year, and on the directors are to what per cent each year.

Aluminum welding has been the lan-

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library.

"I'm leading a dog's life," he ex-

plained. "Yes," spoke up the good

woman. "I know. Trusting to others

to provide your meals for you."

Detroit Free Press.

(Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

Dear Folks: You asked me in the letter which I received yesterday who

I thought was the most popular man in the regiment. Of course, if I was

looking for promotion and thought that the censor would tell what I write, I

would naturally say that the Colonel was the one. But honestly I think the

most popular chap we have with us is the Chaplain. That may sound strange

coming from me, but listen. He not only takes the trouble to listen to our

little tales of woe and set us right, but he has greater duties. Aside from

looking after our spiritual welfare he has charge of the

To make the pictures in this series draw a straight line from 1 to 2 and so on until the picture is completed.

(Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

WOMEN'S PAGE

BY MARGUERITE MARTYN

THE RISE OF THOMAS SMITH

By Sam Hellman.

Written for the Post-Dispatch.

Sept. 17, 1917.

We have repeatedly tried to collect the \$15 you owe us for a suit made more than two months ago. Unless the bill is paid by the first the master will be placed in the hands of a collection agency with instructions to bring suit. Yours, etc.

GOULD TAILORING CO.

Dec. 5, 1912.

Dear Mr. Smith:

We are sorry to be compelled to call attention to the fact that a bill for \$25 that you have owed us for nearly a year has not yet been paid.

Will you please drop into our shop and attend to the matter without further delay? Respectfully yours,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

April 7, 1918.

Dear Mr. Smith:

We would consider it a great favor if, at your convenience, you could send us a check for the \$125 due us for the dress clothing made to your order last July. Were it not for the fact that we have heavy payments to meet on the first, we would not have presumed to call this small matter to your attention. We trust you will not be annoyed, but a man as busy as you are is likely to forget trifles.

We have just received some unique suitings from our Belfast mill and should be delighted to have you come in and make your selections. We will hold the best of the lot until you have looked them over. With assurances of our highest esteem, we remain,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

March 8, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Smith:

Please accept our humble apology for the grievous mistake made by our mill which will be discharged if you desire it. The error occurred in this way:

The young man was told to take a number of bills that were several months overdue and go out and collect them. Through stupidity he accidentally got hold of your statement for \$320 for the summer clothing you had made last season.

Of course you understand, Mr. Smith, that sending a collector to you was furthest from our thoughts. Please excuse the oversight. We promise that it will not occur again.

We have on hand some excellent woolens from England. Would it be convenient for you to have us send a sample to your residence with some samples?

We hope that you will not consider that this letter is in any way a reminder of the bill you owe. It is a real pleasure to have you on our books.

Humbly yours,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

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Humbly yours,

GOULD TAILORING CO.

MUTT AND JEFF—WELL, HERE THEY ARE AGAIN BACK FROM THEIR VACATION—By BUD FISHER

(Copyright, 1917, W. H. C. Fisher.
Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Office.)

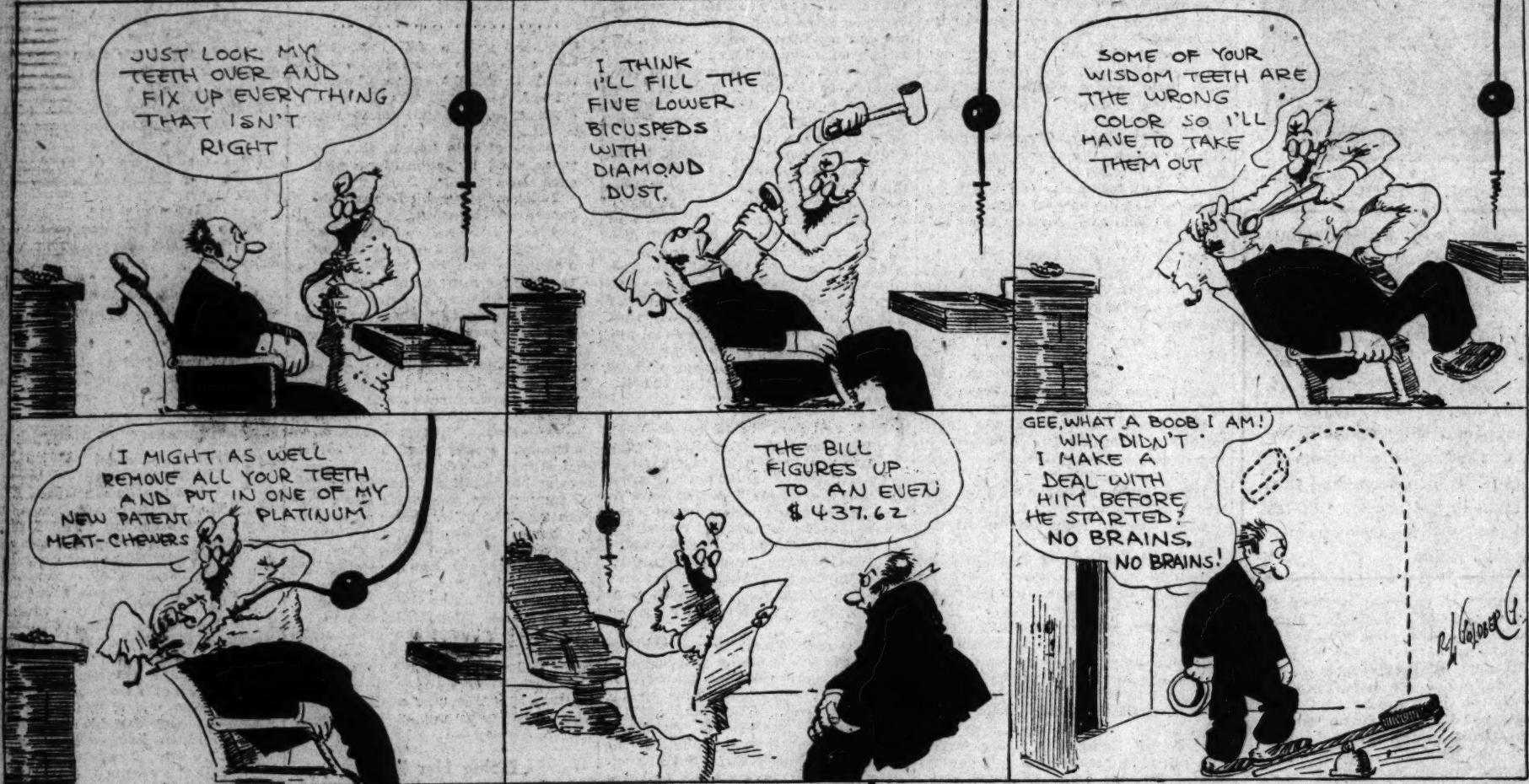
O. U. BRAGGER



(Copyright, 1917,

LITTLE RASCAL'S ONLY
BEEN TAKING LESSONS
NOW, FOR FOUR
YEARS AND HE PLAYS
LIKE THAT ALL
THE TIME

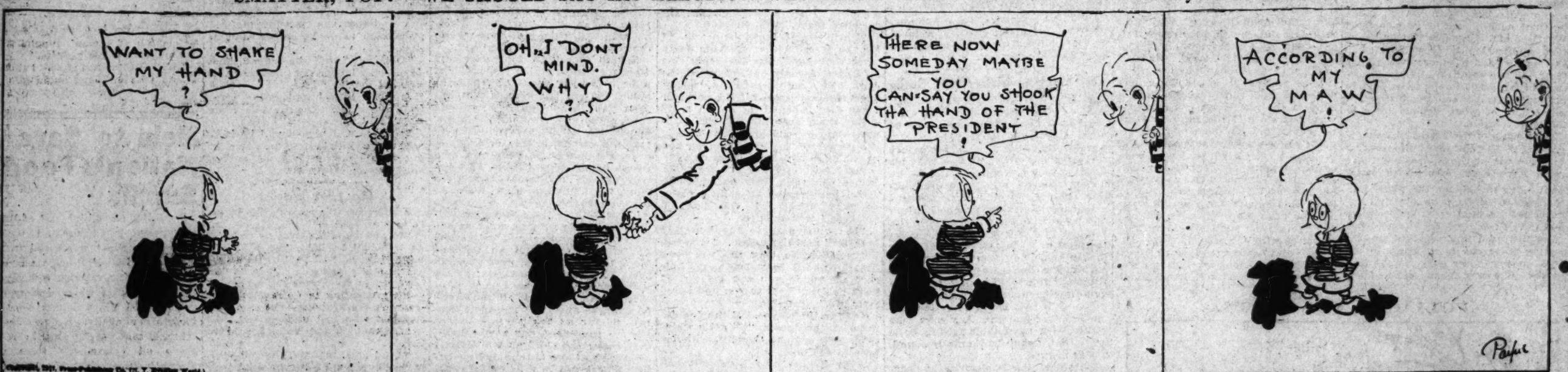
NO BRAINS, NO BRAINS!—By GOLDBERG



SLACKERS

THE WOMAN WHO HURRIEDLY
PINS HERSELF TOGETHER
JUST BEFORE GOING OUT.

"SMATTER, POP?"—WE SHOULD SAY HIS ELECTION WAS YET IN THE "PRIMARY" STAGE!—By C. M. PAYNE



One More Scalp.
He—I've a notion to propose to
you.
She—Please do. I'm trying for a
record.—Boston Transcript.

SWAGGER STICKS---By LEMEN



PENNY ANTE: The Fellow Who Never Uses the Ash Tray By JEAN KNOTT

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The Directing Mind in
a Successful Business

Who is seeking broader fields should not
overlook the "Business Chances" in the Want
Columns.

The Post-Dispatch prints more "Business Opportunities"
Want Ads than ALL the other St. Louis
newspapers COMBINED.

PAGES 9-20B

NORWAY BELIEVES TEUTON SPIES QUIT U.S. TO GO THERE

Propaganda and Destruction
Such as Occurred Here Now
General in That Country.

FOOD STORES BURNED

Agents Said to Furnish U-Boats
Off Coast With News of
Ship Movements.

Correspondence of the Associated
Press.

CHRISTIANIA, Sept. 12.—German
conspirators, spies, and propagandists
formerly so active in the United
States seem to have transferred
their attention to Norway. A series
of suspicious fires in shop and manu-
factories is blamed on the plotters.
Others are charged with helping in-
terned German sailors to escape.
Espionage is freely engaged in and
some Germans have been caught at
it and sent to jail. Propagandists for
many months have been trying to
spread their layer of pro-German-
ism over the country.

Every day plots or some assaults
against Norwegian institutions, citi-
zens or property are brought to light
and even if they do not prove to be
of the same proportions as the "Baron Rautenfels bomb plot," they at
least prove the pernicious activity of
the Germans in a neutral country.

The situation has become such
that patriotic Norwegians have come
to look upon every German with
more or less suspicion. This feeling
is the result, primarily, of the ad-
mission made by two German spies,
Capt. Dowell and Paul Offer
Sanderson, who were tried, convicted
and sentenced to five and four years
respectively in the penitentiary. They
said no matter how he felt about the
matter, a German must do anything
he was ordered to do by Berlin. The
newspapers have warned Norwegians
to distrust every German, and the
warning in many cases is being
needed.

Zeitung Correspondent Known.
The police now charge that they
know the correspondent in Chris-
tiania of the Frankfurter Zeitung,
who has been received by Govern-
ment officials and has been to-
tally associated with German agents here
and with a Norwegian named Hagen,
who is under arrest in England.
The correspondent of the Zeitung is
now on a "vacation" in Stockholm
and the police declare that if he re-
turns to the country he will be ar-
rested. In addition, the dispatches
of this correspondent to his paper
have caused much bitterness in Ger-
many against Norway, and long ago
local newspapers requested that the
man be sent from the country as an
undesirable guest.

The other day the newspapers
were filled with articles dealing with
the professors of the Poly-
technical College of Trondhjem, a
native of Germany, who for the last
two years has been in the service of the
Norwegian Government. He ad-
mitted freely that he had dealings
with members of the crew of the
German auxiliary cruiser Berlin,
which is interned there. The pro-
fessor confessed having assisted
members of the crew to pass letters
into Germany without being censored.
Moreover, he employed a
member of the crew as a janitor in
the college, thereby giving the man
opportunity to move around the city
at will and keep in communication
with German steamers leaving port,
who in turn report anything of value
to German submarines off the coast.

In addition, several citizens of
Trondhjem have been sent to jail
or fined for helping officers from the
Berlin to escape.

Provisions for Russia Burned.
It is not long since a great fire
in Trondhjem has destroyed a large
warehouse where provisions from
England and destined to Russia were
stored. A German steamer which
was in the harbor left before the
fire was discovered and just after
suspicious-looking men had been
seen running from the building,
which was fired in several places.
The public have been unable to
apprehend the men. No Norwegian
doubts for a moment this was start-
ed by a German agent.

Another fire started in a factory
and destroyed a million cans of con-
densed milk and cream which were
to be shipped to England. No evi-
dence against Germans has been
found in this case, but the circum-
stances lead to strong suspicion.

A series of mysterious fires and
explosions have damaged Norwegian
ships carrying cargoes for England
and there is no doubt that infernal
machines have been employed.

The police believe finally certain
that the bombs used were somewhat
similar to those placed aboard British
ships leaving New York by Ger-
mans.

The public and press becomes
more enraged over these outrages
every day and in warning the peo-
ple to beware of Germans the news-
papers declare that even Germans
who have been here many years
and are considered half-Norwegian
are not to be trusted, all being under
the influence of Berlin.

More Germans Sentenced.
"What Germans told during his
trial," said the newspaper Verdens
Gang, of Christiania, in an editorial
leader, "must make us suspicious of
all German authorities and all Ger-
man private citizens, especially when

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Circulation Last Sunday, 362,066

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1917.

General News

PAGES 9-20B

again it has been shown what practices
they are engaged in. Edith Cavell said "patriotism is not enough."
The presiding Justice in the case of
Lowen used the same words, adding
that the Germans might allege patri-
otism as the motive for their mis-
deeds, but that we cannot look at
it from that point of view."

"We do not recognize any Deutsch-
land Ueber Alles here. Those who
abuse our confidence and our hos-
pitality, even if officers of the German
navy, we sentence accordingly
to the law." By sentencing we
have thrown a stain on the authori-
ties in a country who order their citi-
zens to abuse the hospitality of a
neutral state. Such a system lies entirely
outside the modern European
way of thinking. Couriers such as
Von Rautenfels, officers such as
Lowen, scientists such as Pfeiffer,
and press correspondents such as he
of the Zeitung (to mention a few
special examples) are all products of
the same contemptible system. Official
Germany had better take warning
of the sentences in these espionage
affairs. If it is not its intention
merely to injure the interests of the
Germans in Norway, it had
better be more careful in the selection of persons and means
to safeguard German interests."

This quotation is typical and ex-
presses the general feeling in Nor-
way against Germany.

\$5 FINE FOR INJURING A PIG

Result of Four Persons Falling on
Animal in "Greased Pig" Chase.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Among the
attractions at the Bargoed (Mon-
mouth) charity sports was a hunt in
the greased pig, and this resulted in
the committed and competing
cruelty. The pig was caught, it was
stamped, after running only six yards,

and four persons fell on it, break-
ing its leg.

Committees against allowing such
competitions, and the competitors
magistrates cautioned the were ordered to pay \$5 each costs.

Use Alum Water for Gray Hair Brings Back Color

Gives quick, perfect, lasting results.
Easy to use, no special care is required.
For hair that has lost its natural
color for the balance of your life. It
acts like magic. It brings back the natural
color of the hair, and restores the original color
in shades either dark, medium or light.
Brown or blonde shades. You can
wash it, brush it, and cut it, wave it,
and it retains the same rich natural
color, stay fluffy, glossy, clean and
odorless.

Dissolve one bottle of ovelo powder in
two ounces of water, moisten the hair
with this, then wash it, then dampen
the hair well in tepid alum water (two
teaspoonsful per pound of hair), then
wash it again, then rinse well in plain
tepid water, then dry the hair. This is
a safe, non-corrosive preparation and
always strictly harmless—a child can
drink it. Ovelo powder is sold at drug
stores.—Adv.

Prufrock & Litton *A Home With a Personality*



—either attracts or repels, exactly as a person might. Well
chosen furnishings attract—unsuitable furnishings repel. You
will find in our store that poor choice is not necessary, for there is
certain to be the right article at the right price if you will come
in and look for it.

This Dining- Room Suite

(illustrated) was described by
one of our feminine patrons
as the "cutest" Dining Suite,
and we want others to see this
"cutest" Dining-Room Suite.

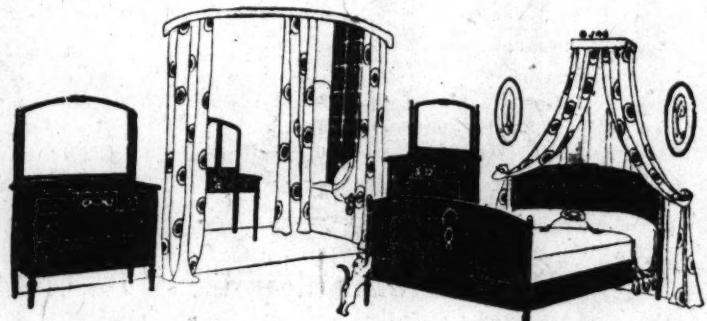
The Buffet is large and roomy, well finished inside as
well as outside, 60 inches long, 34-inch round Table, five
side Chairs and one host's Chair with slip seats of genuine
leather and cane backs.

Eight pieces, exactly as illustrated, complete, now \$185.00

A Place to Dream In —Called the "dearest" Bedroom Suite. Well, it surely has personality.

This English Mahogany Suite is very attractive and
"dear" (but not "dear" in price). The dresser is large,
full sized bed, large triple mirror dressing table and
extremely large chifforobe to match, instead of the chif-
forobe as shown.

Four Pieces Complete,
Now \$265.00



Antique Cane and Solid Mahogany Living-Room Suite

—Would you stand for "delicious" in a living-room suit? Well, it has even been
called that, and if you could see the rich coverings,
its spacious depth and ample fluffiness of the pillows
you might agree to the fitness of this adjective.

Two pieces, as illustrated, solid mahogany,
antique finish, black and gold striped velour,
loose seat cushions, loose pillows
for backs, now \$175.00

All upholstered furniture made up to your order in the
Prufrock-Litton factory. Salesrooms also at Grand
Rapids, Mich., and New York City.

EDITORIAL

"Keep Your Old Friends"

It is not easy to keep friendships, even with old friends.
You have to be fond of the same pleasures and be much
of the same mind to keep together.

You must also have patience, politeness and willingness
to yield to others; this is a necessity of almost every day.

A good rule to follow is not to find fault with anything
or anybody, but to just make the best of everything.

There are nearly 100 of us in this store, and we get
along by pulling together, and try to keep our old Cu-
stomers and Friends.

(Signed)
September 29th, 1917.

Harry Prufrock

Out-of-Town Inquiries
Given Prompt Attention

Prufrock & Litton
Fourth and St. Charles

Store Hours:
8:30 to 5:30 Daily

Pay for Room or Entire Furniture Outfit in 30, 60, 90 and 120 Days.

The AMPICO Reproducing Piano



YOUR hostess draws the curtains and you are
amazed to find that the finished and thorough-
ly artistic performance to which you have been lis-
tening is not that of a great artist, but the Ampico's
reproduction of his playing. The Ampico makes the
great music of all ages as accessible as the books in
your library. It puts at your command the inter-
pretive art of the greatest living pianists. It delivers
to you the whole rich treasure of music, upon which
you may draw at will.

The Ampico may also be used as the regular
piano for playing manually and as the player-piano,
using any standard 88-note roll. The Ampico is
completely encased within the piano, so that the
superb dignity and grace of Knabe case design is
preserved intact.

The Ampico in The Knabe
Uprights \$1200 & \$1300 Grands \$1950
Haines Bros. \$950 & \$1550 Marshall & Wendell \$800
Convenient Terms of Payment.
Daily Demonstration in Our Ampico Studio.

Conroy Piano Company 1100 Olive Street



Why do trained nurses recommend PLUTO water America's Physic

TRAINED nurses recom-
mend PLUTO Water because
their hospital experience has
taught them the value of America's Phy-
sic. They know it is commended by
physicians who consider PLUTO more
than a laxative and rightfully regard it
as a wonderfully helpful curative agent
in the treatment of kidney, liver and
stomach troubles, rheumatism and nerv-
ous disorders.

You will make no mistake
if you follow the judgment of those
who appreciate the merit of PLUTO
Water and use it as first-aid, to ward off
attacks of occasional constipation which,
if neglected, are fraught with serious
consequences.

Remember, there is only one
PLUTO Water. Look for the
little red devil on every bottle. It
is there for your protection. Buy
a bottle at your druggist's today.

RUSSIA IS SWINGING FROM BOLSHEVIK REVOLT TOWARD DICTATORSHIP

Kerensky Has Power Greater Than He Would Have Chosen, Says Correspondent Who Outlines Present Situation in Country.

THIS is the first of a series of articles by the Post-Dispatch's Petrograd correspondent, written for the purpose of giving the readers of this paper a correct estimate of the situation in Russia. Though prepared immediately after the failure of Bolshevik revolution in July and before the Korniloff debacle, the essential features of the political conditions have not changed and they form a correct picture of the Russia of latter September.

BY ARNO DOSCH-FLEUROT, Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and New York World. PETROGRAD, July 29.—Now that the hidden machine gunners of the Bolsheviks have stopped sprinkling this part of town with their miser-

GIRLS! ACT NOW!
HAIR COMING OUT
SIGN OF DANDRUFF

25-cent "Danderine" will save your hair and double its beauty.

Try this! Your hair gets soft, wavy, abundant and glossy at once,



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair. It will not tingle, nor itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Sapbox Orators Stilled.
Just how far the reaction will carry the country it is hard to guess to say. But it has already gone a long way. There is military control now in Petrograd. The radical newspaper are suppressed. The street-corner orator has found it healthier to lie low. The grip of Government will at last take this great whale-like country in hand, and that grip will not have the brilliant hue of Socialism it would have had if the Bolsheviks had not played Germany's game.

If the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates is playing in loss of power and prestige, it has only itself to thank. It insisted that the provisional Government keep its hands off Lenin and his fellow agitators. It insisted that their organ, the Pravda, be allowed to do its work openly. And the Galician retort is the answer. It translated free speech into meaning any kind of speech—even the most openly seditious speech—in the midst of war, and the fact that it was well-intentioned is not helping now.

The Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates had the power, and they prevented the provisional Government from taking action. They were, in fact, the recognized Government of Russia. And now they cannot escape the responsibility. They apparently could not foresee what Bolshevism was going to do to the country, but historically they can never live down the fact that they gave free rein to men who arrived in Russia from Switzerland, by way of Germany. That is the fault the Russian people can not forgive. For it was perfectly obvious that Germany was not facilitating the passage of nominal enemies across its territory unless it had pretty definite assurances they were going to work in its interest.

American Element Worst.

Everybody sees it now. The wonder of it is that the brilliant, really noble-minded men who have led the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates could not see it from the start. But I have noticed in radical movements I have been in at home that a person need merely proclaim himself a "radical" to be accepted at once. No discrimination is made. If he is a radical, he is "one of us." In Russia the Soviets spread their tentacles wide; they took in the idealists, the demagogues, the thugger and the German spies. In similar circumstances we would undoubtedly do the same thing. Apparently it has already happened. For some of those who have turned up here from the United States to work in the Russian social revolution have had a strong smell of German money. The most disturbing, the most pernicious element in Russia has come from the United States.

The Bolshevik revolution was an attempt by a small part of the pop-

ulation to gain control of the whole country by force of arms. It was exactly as if the I. W. W. had tried to seize and run the Government of the United States. They took no account of the personal rights of others. They wished to be more automatic than the Czar. In fact, no Russian Czar ever attempted to win a piece of work than the Bolsheviks, with their machine guns, but the Russians did not terrorize easily. So they failed, but as most of them got off scot-free, Bolshevism is still here and will make itself felt. Petrograd

will always have it. The other Russian cities are just as radical, but their radicalism is clearer. Here you can never tell who is an honest Bolshevik and who is a German agent.

Two Types of Radical.
Since the revolution, I have encountered two types of mentality which enraged me by their lack of honesty. One is the "bourgeois" mind, which refused to recognize the inescapable fact that the workmen and soldiers, the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Deputies, were in complete control of the Russian Govern-

ment. They did not want to see these workmen and soldiers in control, so they refused to admit it was so. They kept this willful blindness in spite of events. The Government was propped up again and again by the council, and each time it did it the Government became more flabby, the council stronger. It was the one striking political fact in Russia during the third, fourth and fifth months of the revolution. But the "bourgeois" mind would not admit it.

The other enraged mentality is that of the honest radical who has called himself a radical and let him

ruin the game. That was the mental state of the otherwise clever administration of the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates. Military men insist that the council was riding to a fall from the start. They say the army was certain sooner or later to have a terrible defeat on account of the famous Order No. 1, which was sent out by the Petrograd Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, or, as it was then, the Council of Workmen's Delegates, in which they changed the whole form of army discipline. This order, issued the second day of the revolution, cer-

tainly revolutionized the army, putting a council of soldiers in every regiment, every corps, every division, every army. But I hold that would have worked out if it had not been for the German agents in the guise of Bolsheviks, who took advantage of this to sow sedition.

The Tragedy of Radicalism.
At any rate, there is this to be said: Order No. 1 was issued in good faith, and the men who issued it, most of whom know and believe in the principles of socialism, were mostly Mensheviks, felt it was necessary to bring about a real revolution. They knew profoundly dis-

turbing measures were necessary to prevent the country slipping by inertia right back into monarchy. But what they could have done when they were morally bound to do was to protect the army against the evil influences they knew were all around. This they did not do, because the leaders of the evil influences sat in their own councils.

There is some excuse to be advanced for the council. It has only recently felt itself safe in being moderately conservative. There was always the danger of being too pro-

Continued on Next Page.

GOLDMAN BROS. GREAT DAVENPORT SUITE SPECIAL

Greatest Values Ever Offered

Take this beautiful three-piece Davenport Suite, for instance, a quarter-some less. Could you select anything more beautiful for your home? Why not have your own at home when you can buy values as we here show, and on such easy terms? ALL COMPLETE.

ON SPECIAL SALE AT GOLDMAN BROS. EASY TERMS TO SUIT YOU.

\$59.75 COMPLETE

Easy Terms to Suit You.

\$1 DOWN Buys This Massive Bridal Range

CLOSED

\$34.75

\$1 Down Buys This Great St. Louis Hot Blast

\$14.75

The finest baker and cooker on the market. Massively built, on sanitary elevated base. We call attention to the beautiful new-style warming closet, only found on the finest high-grade ranges. Not cheap kind of Range advertised every day. Worth more than we ask for it. See it—it will pay you.

Big Special Lino. Sale 49c

Goldman Bros. place on sale this heavy Lino—it will pay you to see their large line of Colonial Linoleum for square yard during this sale. See our big line of Linoleum Rugs at low prices—it will pay you.

The finest Suites ever placed on sale at such a low price—it will pay you to investigate.

Pieces Sold Separately if Desired.

\$1 Down Buys This Massive Colonial Dining Suite

\$49.75

The finest Suites ever placed on special sale this month. BEAUTIFUL BED-OUTFIT. Something different—can never tarnish. The finest Bedding ever placed on special sale for so low a price—not the cheap kind of an ordinary bed ever sold, but worth considerably more than we ask for it. This is the most wonderful Bed-Outfit ever made.

Brassoid Bed Outfit Complete.

\$19.75

Wardrobe, Dresser, Desk, Chiffonier.

FREE

This Beautiful DINNER SET FREE.

Something NEW.

Goldman Bros. will give away absolutely free with every purchase of \$10 or over (either on cash or credit purchases) this most beautiful Dinner Set. Each and every piece has beautifully colored conventional design, representing the prettiest crockery now on the market. Price, \$29.75.

\$1 Down Buys This Big Chiffonore Four Pieces of Furniture in One!

Most beautiful ever placed on sale. Latest Colonial design; big roomy, with writing desk, pair doors, hat box, roomy drawers, extra width clothes closet, etc. Especially priced for this sale.

\$29.75

\$1 Down Buys This Massive 'Brassoid' Bed Outfit

Brassoid Bed Outfit Complete.

\$19.75

We place on special sale this most wonderful complete 'BRASSOID BED-OUTFIT. Something different—can never tarnish. The finest Bedding ever placed on special sale for so low a price—not the cheap kind of an ordinary bed ever sold, but worth considerably more than we ask for it. This is the most wonderful Bed-Outfit ever made.

FREE CATALOG WE SELL ON EASY PAYMENTS OR CASH, NO MATTER WHERE YOU LIVE. WE PAY THE FREIGHT TO YOUR TOWN ON ALL PURCHASES.

IF YOU LIVE OUT OF ST. LOUIS SEND FOR OUR NEW FREE CATALOG WE SELL ON EASY PAYMENTS OR CASH, NO MATTER WHERE YOU LIVE. WE PAY THE FREIGHT TO YOUR TOWN ON ALL PURCHASES.

1104-6-8 OLIVE STREET.

WE SELL FOR CASH OR CREDIT 30, 60 or 90 DAYS CONSIDERED CASH.

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WE SELL FOR CASH OR CREDIT 3

New Spanish Minister to Mexico.
MADRID, Sept. 29.—The Duke of
Aosta has been appointed Spanish
Minister to Mexico. He will suc-
ceed Alejandro Padilla, who has
been transferred to Lisbon.

FUNSTEN BROS. & CO. PUBLIC AUCTION FUR SALES

St. Louis, U. S. A.

Will offer for sale by Public Auction at the International
Fur Exchange, Second and Elm Streets, St. Louis Mo., furs
as listed below. Sales will start at 10:00 o'clock precisely,
forenoon each day.

MONDAY, 8th OCTOBER

12,000 Alaska Fur Seal Skins
Dressed, Dyed and Ma-
tured. (Account United States Gov't)
60 Dressed, Dyed and Ma-
tured Fox Seal Skins
(Account Other Shippers)

250 Northwest Coast Fur Seal
Skins Dressed, Dyed and
Matured.

22 Dressed, Dyed and Ma-
tched Fur Seal Skins.

1,873 Foxes Island Raw Fur Seal
Skins (Account Uruguay Gov't)

657 Blue Fox.

12,000 Australia Fox.

270 Blue Fox.

1,400 Australian Fox.

3,000 Australian Fox.

200 Cross Fox.

TUESDAY, 9th OCTOBER

\$800 Badger.
\$6,000 Skunk.
\$2,000 Fox.
\$2,000 Wild Cat.
\$1,750 Wallaby.
\$10,000 Vulture.

20,000 Australian Fox.
20,000 Australian Fox.
2000 Fox.

Goods on show on and after October 1st. at Funsten Bros.
& Co. ware-rooms, corner First and Olive Streets, St. Louis.

RUSSIA SWINGING FROM BOLSHEVIK REVOLT TO A DICTATORSHIP

Continued from Previous Page.

servative as to displease the mob. But these Bolshevik leaders, whom the council as a whole were supporting, were the men who were out among the more ignorant classes, the braving the cold in the back. That is the tragedy of radicalism. The fanatics stop at nothing, and their lack of mental honesty is fantastic. The French revolution had a terror on account of them, and the moderate, constructive leaders of the people here have always had that specter at their elbow. They could never tell when Lenine would develop into a Marat. So they let them go on doing Germany's work, and now they must answer for it in public opinion.

At this time it is not certain how powerful the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates will be in the future, but they can hardly hope to be the whole Government again.

DICTATORSHIP PROBABLE.

The Bolshevik revolution, combined with the debacle of the army in Galicia, has at last aroused the great body of middle class and upper class Russians, the "bourgeois," who have been exasperatingly unorganized ever since the revolution. They were the brains of the country, and they were apparently atrophied. Now they are at work again, at least after a fashion. Perhaps they will be able to arrest the reaction, but it is just as likely as not that the reaction will carry the control from the hands of the crowd to the single strong arm of a dictator. This country is always inclined to extremes, so the dictatorship, on past experiences, would seem the most likely thing. In fact, I am not merely prophesying. For we have a dictatorship here right now—for these few days at any rate. The Bolsheviks made it necessary to fall back on the military power under the guidance of one man who had the confidence of Russia, except German agents or those possessed by German agents. Of course, I mean Kerensky.

Kerensky certainly has never had any intention of assuming such power as he has. It was thrust upon him.

Continued on Next Page.

WEDNESDAY, 10th OCT.—Contd.

10,000 Lynx.

88,500 Russian Squirrel.

76,500 Squirrel Backs.

3,600 Kolinsky.

12,000 Marten.

88,000 Opossum.

880 Bear.

30,000 Wolf.

THURSDAY, 11th OCT.

Sundries and Dyed Goods

12,500 Civet Cat.

16,000 House Cat.

40,000 Raccoon.

39,000 Fox.

1,000 Fitch.

428 Persian.

61,000 China Cat.

140,000 China White Coney.

4,000 China White Coney.

Civet.

8800 China Civet Cat.

880 Dogmat.

880 Flying Squirrel.

1,000 Marten.

7750 Japanese Marten.

273 Japanese Sabie.

280 Japanese Fox.

120 Leopard.

3,800 Leopard Cat.

3200 Otter.

16,500 Beaver.

FRIDAY, 12th OCTOBER

58,000 Ermine.

(Including 7000 Gray and 4500 Brown.)

12,000 Fox.

3225 Marten.

762,000 Muskats.

(Including 22,000 Southern and 12,000 Northern Muskats.)

30,000 Seal Dried Muskats.

2950 Seal Dried Muskats Plates.

91 Natural Muskats Plates.

91 Natural Muskats Plates.

WEDNESDAY, 10th OCT.

16,000 Patagonian Kitt Fox.

1,100 Swift Fox.

27,000 Arctic Fox.

1,100 Argentine Fox.

230 Marmots.

300 Wolverine.

Goods on show on and after October 1st. at Funsten Bros.
& Co. ware-rooms, corner First and Olive Streets, St. Louis.



VALUES THAT PLEASE

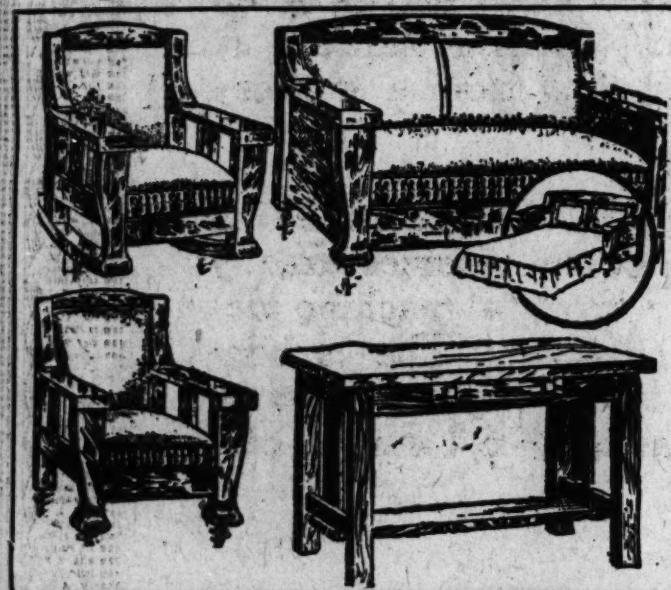
Is the success of our business. If you need one piece of Furniture or a dozen pieces, we are sure to please you. Our terms are most convenient. Be sure and pay us a call.

Special Davenette Suite Sale This Week

Davenette Suite

\$36.70

Just consider this remarkable offer: Davenette Suite, oak finish, the upholstery is of the highest grade of Besto leather; each piece is so strongly built it will last a lifetime. The Davenette opens out into a large bed, adding an extra room to your home. For this week, cash or credit. **\$36.70**



THIS BRASS BED

With Spring and Mattress

Just think of it—a big 2-inch post Bed with ten strong fillers. An exceedingly strong all-iron spring—a big heavy mattress of exceptional thickness and two feather-filled pillows—this week—easy terms..... **\$15.95**

\$15.95



See This Remarkable Value

This \$55.00

Combination Coal and Gas

RANGE
\$39.75

You'll like this Combination Coal and Gas Range—it's just the thing for your kitchen. It has a large, roomy oven, high sanitary base, and is so strongly built it will outlast the ordinary range. A wonderful value at this price. Cash or Credit. Sale price, \$39.75.

SS-NOTE MUSIC ROLLS
30c
600 and 750 Rolls

FRANKLIN FURN. CO., S. E. Cor. 11th and Franklin Av.

**HUCKLEBERRY FINN, WALLACE DROWRY,
WATERS, HAWAIIAN BUTTERFLY, HONG
KONG, INDIA, FOR ME AND MY GAL,
GOOD-BY BROADWAY, HELLO FRANCE;
JOAN OF ARC, OH, OH, JOHNNY! OH,
JOHNNY! and all the latest hits.**

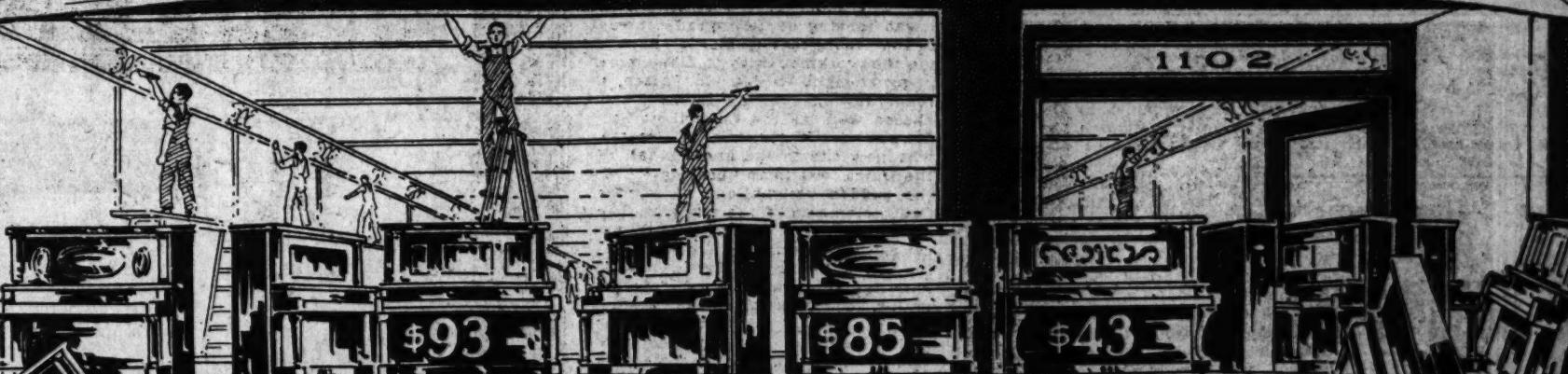
\$26.85

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1917.

STARCK'S PIANO CO.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

STARCK'S GIGANTIC PIANO REMODELING SALE!



A PIANO SALE WITH A PURPOSE AN S.O.S. CALL TO PIANO BUYERS

OUR REASON We have secured a renewal lease on the building at our present location for a long term. Our entire building is to undergo a thorough remodeling. We are going to clean up from cellar to garret. The extensive alterations and enlargement of the different departments necessitates our greatly reducing our mammoth stock of new and used standard make pianos, before the workmen can successfully carry out their contract. New floors, new display rooms, new ceilings, and complete new decorations will make this the most beautifully appointed salesroom in the Middle West.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY In our agreement with the owners of the building this work must be done at once, in view of the rapidly increasing cost of labor and materials. We have no choice in the matter. We simply know that it would be a physical impossibility for anyone to complete this work with the present stock we have on our floor. Not only is every floor in our building crowded to its fullest capacity, but we have several large shipments en route from our factory that must be taken care of.

We promise you an actual saving from \$150 to \$275 on a great many brand-new high-grade Pianos and Player-Pianos, and a wonderfully attractive stock of used Pianos, including such well-known standard makes as Steinway,

Starck, Vose & Sons, Fischer, Estey, Everett, Conover, and many others that can be purchased at just about one-fifth of their original value, on terms that are better than rent.

No matter what your income is you will find a Piano here to fit your purse; values that will make your dollars do double duty.

REMEMBER YOU GET YOUR PIANO ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL Payments as Low as \$1.00 Per Week YOUR GOOD CREDIT IS ON PAR WITH CASH DURING THIS GREAT REMODELING SALE

A number of excellent Pianos are priced as low as \$35.00, none of them over \$135.00. Look over this partial list of bargains, then call at our store or phone us. Our representative will call at your home and arrange for the delivery of any piano you select.

Was	Make	Now
\$550	Vose & Sons	\$135
500	Steinway	75
500	Estey	90
350	Wheelock	40
300	Ballingall	35
500	Everett	50
450	Conover	95
450	Bauer	85
350	Fischer	65
500	Kurtzman	35
400	Klekamp	50
500	Aeolian Player	195
550	Underwood Player	345
600	Kenmore Player	365
750	Starck Player	485
250	Outer Players	45

\$750, \$850 and \$1000 Factory Sample 88-Note Player-Pianos, \$395, \$485, \$535, \$585 and \$725.

OPEN EVENINGS

WE HAVE HUNDREDS OF OTHER BARGAINS JUST AS ATTRACTIVE

We know that if you contemplated extensive remodeling and redecorating of your home, that you would want to put every piece of furniture you had in storage to be sure that it would not be damaged. Just think of our position with hundreds of pianos that will have to be placed under scaffolds and moved from one place in the building to another to accommodate the workmen. It is a mighty easy matter to damage a piano, even though slightly, in a way that would depreciate its selling value to the extent of \$100 to \$150.

Remember how, when you were a youngster, you were always wanting a piano. Remember how you have since regretted the fact that you did not have the opportunity of acquiring a musical education. Don't deprive your children of this privilege now.

Call at our store tomorrow and above all come early.

You can expect to find our building crowded

with enthusiastic buyers, who want to take advantage of this gigantic remodeling sale.

Out-of-Town Folks Write—We Will Ship Any Place on 30 Days' Free Trial

THIS GREAT SALE CANNOT LAST LONG—BE ONE OF THE WISE ONES—BUY EARLY

Store Open Every Evening Till 9 O'Clock

London Phone Directory Delayed.
LONDON, Sept. 29.—The new edition of the telephone directory is postponed to January owing to the paper shortage.

White Toe-cap on Black Shoe.
LONDON, Sept. 29.—The latest freak in women's shoes is a white toe-cap to black patent uppers. It looks like a white stocking toe peeping out of the shoe.

WALKS MILES TO PICK BERRIES--ONE YEAR AGO HELPLESS AS AN INFANT

Miss A. M. Clish Tells How She Recovered From Rheumatism That Deformed Joints

"I have walked to and from the berry grounds several times this month," said Miss A. M. Clish of 807 Montello street, Brockton, Mass.

"I am glad to say I am now doing housework and able to go about as well as ever. I have given W. A. Varney my crutches to add to his



MISS CLISH ON CRUTCHES.

"A year ago I did not believe I would ever be able to walk again. I was crippled with rheumatism of the joints and had to be carried from room to room like an infant. My right knee was drawn up and I was unable to straighten it. My fingers and wrists were swollen and extremely painful."

"The pain was almost unbearable; I could not allow anyone near my bed. Physicians wanted to remove a bone from my knee and I was etherized twice to straighten the leg. They told me I would never be able to walk again."

"My strength was exhausted and my stomach in a very weakened condition. Friends insisted that I try Var-ne-sis as I seemed to be growing weaker. At first I was afraid of Var-ne-sis as my stomach improved wonderfully; my strength returned so that I could use my crutches. I persisted in the treatment until I was able to bend my knee and go up and down stairs without any trouble."

NOTICE!!

We operate one store only, on 7th St., Cor. St. Charles. Our entire efforts are confined to make this one store the best service drug store in St. Louis. Our Mr. C. D. Johnson is personally here at all times, and the lowest prices, obtainable with courteous treatment and real service is assured everyone.

REMEMBER, ONE STORE ONLY!

7th St---Cor. St. Charles

MONDAY SPECIALS

25c Mentholatum	16c	25c Sloan's Liniment	15c
50c Mentholatum	32c	50c Sloan's Liniment	30c
CASTILE SOAP: regular	59c	VENETIAN BATH SOAP: in several odors; large round 15c	10c
75c: 4-pound bars		cakes; dozen, \$1.15; each	
Pebco Tooth Paste	34c	Epsom Salts, per pound box	7c
ECONOMY EGG PRESERVER: pint bottles, making one gallon	25c	Quinine Pills	5c
TEN BROOK'S high-grade Candies, received fresh daily		2 grains, 100 bottles	5c
PLAYING CARD SPECIAL—The J. E. paper linen card, made for advertising purposes and full 25c value. In order to avoid the big war tax which goes on in a few days (probably 10c per deck), we will issue the cards at 15c per deck, and will give a 10c refund (limit 1 dozen); per dozen	10c	THERMOS BOTTLES:	\$1.15; pints
WRITING PAPER SPECIAL—High-grade pure linen Paper and Envelopes, in boxes: several different styles: values nearly double box	39c	regular \$1.15; pints	\$1.19
50c Kelynes Tooth Paste	5c	Regular 35c	
50c Santol Tooth Paste	16c	DURHAM Dem. RAZOR With One Blade, Special	10c
Good Morning ALARM CLOCKS Reg. \$1.25 Value	98c	Rubber Goods Special	
Household GLOVES guaranteed only 25c in per dozen, cost of pair	19c	Every one guaranteed for one year	
W. Williams' Shaving Stick	19c	Regular Syringe, pure red	\$1.32
NAIL BRUSHES Solid backs, stiff bristles, real 12c		Par. rubber	
Regular \$1.15 Hub Bed Water Bottle	79c	Fountain Syringe	89c
The Store of Better Service		Regular \$2.00 Olive Oil Water Bottle	\$1.32

Johnson
BROS.

CORNER 7th AND ST. CHARLES STS.

RUSSIA SWINGING FROM BOLSHEVIK REVOLT TO A DICTATORSHIP

Continued from Preceding Page.

or, rather, he earned it by being strong. Ever since he became Minister of War he has shown moral courage in attacking Bolshevikism. At the same time, the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, while supporting him, did not have the moral courage to follow his course. So the power passed quite naturally into his hands, and it is always bound to pass into the hands of the morally courageous.

Plotters Work Rapidly.
The Bolshevik plotters worked so rapidly that no one in the Government had warning of 24 hours. Monday afternoon, July 17, Sisloretsk began moving on Petrograd by way of the Viborg factory district, sweeping the workmen with it. They were going straight to Tauride Palace, a road they knew. Their moment was chosen well, as the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, who now sit in the ancient hall of the Duma, was in session over the heads of representatives of all the Cadet members of the ministry. The cadets resigned, broadly stated, because the Government, by recognizing the autonomy of Little Russia, were taking definite steps before the sitting of the constitutional assembly. They have stood for no definite action, except against Germany, until the assembly sits. So they were quitting.

This action of the Cadets by itself threw the majority vote of the Ministry to the Socialists, and that was exactly what the Socialists did not want. The Bolsheviks within the council were trying to make them accept their power as an accomplished fact, and the forces advancing from Sisloretsk, and by this time from Cronstadt, were an added argument.

In the Government there was consternation. If troops were ordered out, it meant civil war between the soldiers and the Red Guard—exactly what the German agents wanted. If they left the Bolsheviks alone they would try to win the troops. Persseifer, Minister of Justice, had an idea. In his possession were documents showing that the Bolshevik leaders had received German money, the evidence pointing to Lenin as the chief German conspirator. Quickly Government representatives went to all the regiments stationed in Petrograd and demanded to know what was going on, and begged them not to leave their barracks. All but a few obeyed, and even the machine gun regiments did not turn out in full.

Meeting with no resistance, the invaders found themselves in possession of the town. Cronstadt began arriving, and by morning the town looked perfectly normal on the surface, even business went on as usual, though the Bolsheviks controlled the streets with their armored motor cars. During the day of Tuesday the only excitement was a panic in the Cronstadt contingent got into on the Lettow, thinking they were attacked. They were, as a matter of fact, no Government troops out all day, and the attempts of the part of the Bolsheviks to get them out for or against were unavailing.

The Bolshevik revolution died right there, but they did not know it yet, and Tuesday evening they tried to storm the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates and force them to take all the reins of government. The Tauride Palace was in a state of siege for several hours, and, to break it gently, Cossacks who were ordered not to shoot were sent to penetrate the crowd and surround the palace. Some succeeded, then the crowd, seeing their revolution tumbling, fled out to the next bunch of Cossacks, killing eight and many horses. These were the Cossacks buried with such ceremony. Before sunrise the revolution had tumbled completely, as the Cossacks began coming out in force, and the machine gunners, being embusqued, acted like embusqued, deserted their machines and hid. So new contingents of Cronstadt coming up the river had to surrender on arrival or be sunk.

In a few hours the revolution was liquidated except for the retaking of Peter and Paul fortress in the city, and that was done by an arranged battle without bloodshed. By this time troops began pouring in from the depots of the front, and the hand of militarism began pressing on Petrograd so forcibly that, except for a little machine-gun work in the very beginning, the Bolsheviks have been quiet ever since.

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PLAYING CARD SPECIAL—The J. E. paper linen card, made for advertising purposes and full 25c value. In order to avoid the big war tax which goes on in a few days (probably 10c per deck), we will issue the cards at 15c per deck, and will give a 10c refund (limit 1 dozen); per dozen

WRITING PAPER SPECIAL—High-grade pure linen Paper and Envelopes, in boxes: several different styles: values nearly double box

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

BOTTLED NOV. 16, 1916

COCA-COLA

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

BOTTLED NOV. 16, 1916

AMERICAN TROOPS FIND LIQUID FIRE INFERIOR TO GUNS

Demonstration Is Given by French to Show Comparative Safety of Torch Attack.

ATTACK IS SPECTACLE

Americans Agree That Operator Can Be Disposed of Easily When He Starts Attack.

By Thomas Marvin Johnson
A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

Copyright, 1917.
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 29.—The Americans have had their first sight of liquid fire. This product of German Kultur adds little to the frightfulness with which modern warfare is prosecuted.

The general conclusion of the Americans after seeing it is that the estimate of the experts is borne out—liquid flame undoubtedly is spectacular, but not likely to strike terror into troops of good morale, while the fatalities resulting are infinitesimal.

The French troops gave a demonstration on a small scale, with the intention not only of familiarizing the Americans with, but to convince them of its comparative harmlessness. Two flame-throwers were used. They were small affairs which threw a stream some 30 feet and looked like tree-pruners. Every New Yorker has seen an operator in Central Park carrying a tank on his back holding in his hands the nozzle of the hose while working the pump which expelled the liquid.

The operator of the flame thrower was preceded by six infantrymen, who reconnoitered and signaled back when the hypothetical enemy was in range, and then they hugged the earth to escape the burning drops of liquid which were used over them.

When the operator started his machine there came a crack of red fire and clouds of dense oily smoke through which the flame flickered, accompanied by a roaring sound. It is a fearful spectacle, but all the Americans agreed on seeing it, that with any luck one could pick off with a rifle any operator just as soon as he divulged his position by starting his "bonfire."

It was agreed that the last job a man is likely to seek is that of the rifleman under the flame, and the Americans could not help noticing the pale nervousness of the operator when he stopped his machine.

An exhibition was given with machine gunners, who agreed that the best types of flammenwerfer, which have much greater range. The Frenchmen present agreed they would rather a thousand times face the most diabolical flammenwerfer than a well-operated machine gun.

TURKS MURDER OF ARAB AT PRAYER ONE CAUSE OF REVOLT

Cairo, Egypt.—Newspaper Prints Account of Atrocity Committed by Officer on Arab Lieutenant.

CAIRO, Sept. 28.—One of the reasons of the revolt of the Arab tribes in Asiatic Turkey, against Turkish rule, is the conduct of Abdul Kader, a Turkish officer of the Arabian forces attached to the Turkish army, whose cruelty toward the Arabs made his name as widely known and hated as that of any other red Indian chief in the colonial days in America. El Kawab, an Arabian newspaper published here, gives as an instance of his manner toward his Arab soldiers, the following:

"At 6 o'clock one morning Abdul Kader was prowling about the camp when he came upon an Arab officer, a First Lieutenant named Mustapha Efendi, at morning prayer. He passed in front of him, and as he did not receive the military salute he stopped and poured out a volume of curses and shameful abuse. In his terror the officer interrupted his prayer, turned to the commander and said:

"Your excellency, I was at prayer, and that was the reason why I failed to salute you."

"Abdul Kader, foamed with rage and said, 'Do you not love God? The Arab answered, 'Yes, I do, I love and worship God, and I must do my devotions to him as do my military duties.'

Kader retorted, 'Since you love God so much, I am quite ready to send you off to him,' and drawing his revolver fired three shots, killing him on the spot. So he died, a martyr to his conviction of the faith, in a cause of the Turks, who profess to be engaged in a holy war."

MANY OLD MEN CAPTURED BY BRITISH IN NEW OFFENSIVE

Germans Seem to Have Flung All Reserves in Fighting in Flanders, Correspondent Says.

Sept. 29.—In a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Percy Robinson, its correspondent at British headquarters in Flanders, says:

"The number of older men and men obviously unfit taken in the last two weeks has been so great as to mark a fact which our Prime Minister can endorse from personal observation, for on Wednesday he saw men newly arrived and just arriving at one of our forward bases. While in that neighborhood Lloyd George had the experience of being actually shelled.

The Germans seem to have flung against us all the reserves immediately available for the moment, as usual, have been compelled to desert from sheer exhaustion. They doubtless will bring in more men, scraping them from where they can, and my personal opinion is that if the fine weather holds we shall yet see in this area some of the bloodiest fighting of the whole war."

"I calculate that the Germans have used here over 40 divisions since the end of July, or considerably more than those used during a similar period in the battle of the Somme."

The Supreme Bargain Event

New Merchandise—Every Offering a Challenge—Greater Financial Power

This event is not only a challenge to COMPETITION—much a chance for a woman who is not taking full advantage of The Lindell opportunity every day—and beginning tomorrow, and every day thereafter, we CHALLENGE her to take advantage of the wonderful values in wanted noise, such as

Silks, Dress Goods! Money-Saving Challenges!

Putting our best foot forward! Offering the prettiest Silks and Wool Goods at prices other stores are paying. Investigate!

\$1.75 to \$2.50 Georgette Crepes, \$1.38

Genuine Georgette of a firm, heavy, double-thread, pure dye silk—fancy printed and solid colors—twenty good light and dark shades—40 inches wide.

\$2.50 Dress Satins

STANDARD Satins of the well-known Gobets and Imperial Satins. Colors and finish, in forty newest and latest shades—35 and 36 inches wide—\$1.58

\$2.50 Crepe de Chine

BEAUTIFUL black satin brocaded Crepe de Chine, 40 inches wide, priced..... \$1.69

\$3.00 Brocaded Satin

BEAUTIFUL two-tone for dress—satin stripes, firm, 36 inches wide, \$1.78

\$2.25 French Serge

BEAUTIFUL Serge of Aus-tralian wool; fine twill, firm weave come in royal, navy, African brown, Russian green and Burgundy—48 inches wide.

\$2.50 Plaid Serges

THE popular dress, skirt-ing and combination fabric. Clan plaids and stripes—a popular woolen fabric—48 inches wide.

\$1.50 to \$1.98 Novelty Silks

More than 2,500 yards, including warp printed and satin striped novelties, chiffon, taffeta, sashes, messa-lines, gros de londre, surrah, twills, etc., 36 inches wide.

\$1.19

NO MAIL OR PHONE ORDERS. Quantities Restricted

10c, 12½c & 15c Handkerchiefs

WOMEN'S Sample "Snow white" Handkerchiefs, in colors; also white with embroidered corners, hemstitched and rolled edges.... 7 for 50c

\$1.00 Gloves

WOMEN'S White Washable Chamoisette Gloves; two clasps and white stitching; 59c pair.

WOMEN'S two-clasp Black Silk Gloves; double finger tips and self stitching; 43c quality.

(Street Floor—The Lindell)

Jewelry

Japanese Graduated Pearl Beads; gold-filled clasp, Lingerie Clasp; 26c and 50c Sterling Silver Lingerie Clasp; Dorine Cases, 50c, 85c German Silver Mesh Bags at Fancy Jeweled Combs, 50c and 95c.

The Wrist Watch

so popular among both men and women is subject to many knocks and jerks that the regular style never experiences.

The Lindell Watch Repair

makes a specialty of repairing watches of every description. It will pay you to have your watch in perfect condition. To-morrow's special—choice of Watches Cleaned.... 69c New Main Spring.... New Watch Jewel....

Paris Garters

Pair 10c

Regular 25c Garters, slightly soiled from display. On sale only while a limited quantity lasts. (Limit 2 pairs to a buyer.)

Five Big Values FOR BOYS

Hors' Blouses, of fancy stripes that will wash; a few blue flannels; odds and ends; sizes 6 to 16 years.... 17c Boys' 50c Flannel Nightshirts, in pink and blue stripes; 38c sizes 6 to 16 years....

Boys' 50c Caps in blue sizes 6 to 16 years.... 47c Boys' 45c Jersey Corduroy Boys' sizes 2½ to 7 years; only limited number, in browns, blue, green, gray, white.

Boys' \$3.50 and \$4.50 Norfolk Suits

In brown, gray and green fancy mixtures; some with sets of trousers; sizes 6 to 12 years.... 2.99

Challenges in Notions

10c Miss Lavender Tapes; in all widths from 1 to 1½ inches.

25c Linen Tapes; in pink, blue, yellow, etc.

30c Trimming Buttons; card....

35c Wash Cloth Pins; 2 for 30c

40c Train Buttons; card....

45c Safety Pins; 2 for 30c

50c Corset Laces; pink and white only; pair.

55c Sticker Braids; in pink, blue, lavender and white; bolt....

60c Shoe Strings; 3 for 15c

J. P. Coats' 5-cent Thread (6 limit).... 6 for 25c

Challenge Sale

An Extraordinary Offering for Women

\$1.95

\$19.75, \$24.75, \$29.75 and \$39.75 Value

We do not recall a season of such tremendous nomenclature. There are not they are not one maker.

Instead,

We demand from every manufacturer with whom we have done business six, eight, ten or twelve styles in his line—just such styles as we are able to sell at regular prices.

Now there is but one style to urge you to come to us for first choice.

There are beautiful Satins.

Broadcloths Oxford Cullerellas Serges Gauze Poplins

THE Coats are all silk and trimmed with fur, velvet, braiding, lace, embroidery, plain tailored.

The color choices are many—black, green, taupe, Oxford, grey, tan, plaid, plum, rose, etc.

\$16.50

values....

Challenge Sale of Frocks

\$17.50, \$18.50, \$20.00 and \$22.50 \$14.75

New Silk or Serge Frocks....

33.50, \$3.98 and \$4.98 and George

ORES of prettiest

high and low and hemstitching.

More than twenty-five styles to choose from.

(Street Floor—The Lindell)

IN this wonderful lot will be found beautiful Dresses for evening, party, afternoon or street wear, in all the new shades.

Fine satins, taffetas and serges, with all the clever new fashions to choose from.

More than twenty-five styles to choose from.

(Street Floor—The Lindell)

WOMEN'S Tailored Hats Up to \$3.95—New Autumn Styles

\$1.49

The kind that will surely amaze you—values like these were never offered before on such reasonable clean, new millinery.

Chin chin styles and shirred velvet effects predominate "Knockabout" models that will attract the miss and woman as well now at \$1.49

Large Ranch hats in black, purple and tan band, and bows and ribbons. Gain at \$1.49.

\$2.49

Lyons Velvet Jaunty Hats A very practical Hat for street and semi-formal wear in Lyons silk velvet; \$3.98 and \$4.98 value.

Children's Hats \$1.98 to \$3.98 A big selection of Children's Hats bargain prices.

\$2.69

Large Ranch hats in black, purple and tan band, and bows and ribbons. Gain at \$1.49.

\$2.69

Satin stripes and small designs the bedroom, with handsome borders.

At 8c Roll

Oatmeal Papers; 30 inches wide, all of finest fabric.

Crepe and lace, and green, Tiffany blend and

damaged paper for the best rooms.

A Shirt that belongs to your own, 17 at \$0.00.

At 10c Roll

Varnished Tile Papers, for the kitchen; very sanitary.

All the Above Specials Sold Only With Borders We furnish First-class Paperhangings and guarantee their work. We charge no profit on our labor.

(Fourth Floor—The Lindell)

Second Custom

8

Ente Lindell's Challenge Sale

al Pow Enlarged Buying Facilities All Insuring a Record Breaking Success!

PETITION—such a challenge to YOU and to EVERY man and of The Lindell's opportunities. We are dealing body blows to H. C. L. and every day we CHALLENGE you to find a good reason for not in wanted meuse, such as are offered in this great Challenge Sale.

NO MAIL OR
PHONE ORDERS.
Quantities Restricted

Sale! Sample Suits

inary Offering sizes for Women and Misses.

\$1.95



9.75, \$24.75, \$29.50 \$39.75 Values!

We do not recall a species such tremendous significance. There are not they are not from maker.

ead—

We demanded from everyone with whom we do six, eight or ten of styles in his sample—just such styles as we do sell at regular price.

Now there is not one of us urge you to come early first choice.

are beautiful Suits.

Broadcloths V. Poiret Twills
Oxford Claverells
Serges Gai Poplins

HE Coats are all silk lined trimmed with fur, velvet, braiding, Karami—plain tailored. The color choices include navy, plum, Russian blue, taupe, Oxford, new black. Sizes 16, 18, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44. Regular \$19.50.

\$16.95

Frocks Challenge Sale of Blouses

\$3.50, \$3.98, \$4.98 Crepe de Chine \$2.75
and Georgette Blouses.....

Dresses of prettiest new styles—of superior quality materials—newest high and low neck styles—smartest embroidery, lace-trimmed and frill hemstitched models. Come in white, flesh, maize, navy and pink. Sizes 34 to 52 bust measure.

(Third Floor)

linery Bands at Challenge Prices

\$3.00
Untrimm Shirred \$1.98
A splendid general wear—desirable colors—size only white lasts—Special—
Children's Bands \$1.98 to \$3.00
A big assortment of Children's Hats—bargain prices.

Large Ready-to-Wear black, bow and tassel Challenge Sale gain at... \$2.69
\$1.40
49



\$5.00 Trimmed Hats

We have purchased especially for this big event 200 smart trimmings and Ready-to-Wear Hats of unusual merit—every one is worth \$5, and no two are alike—special.

Hatter's Plush Mannish Sailors
\$2.98 to \$4.98 values—for the Challenge Sale—a Hat which becomes both woman and miss.

\$2.49

Wall Paper
Seconds of Men's \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00

Custom Made Shirts

80c



10c Roll
Papers; 30 inches wide, in all of finest fabrics, in satin stripes, crepes and silk and cotton; also plain and two-toned. A Shirt that you would want to your own orders; all sizes 13 1/2 to 18, 20c.

14c Roll
T. Papers, for the best sanitary, and guarantee on our labor.

With Borders
and guarantee.

on our labor.

We

Redeem Lamb Stamps

Washington,
and St. O...

inelle

DRY GOODS CO.

10c Roll
Papers; 30 inches wide, in all of finest fabrics, in satin stripes, crepes and silk and cotton; also plain and two-toned. A Shirt that you would want to your own orders; all sizes 13 1/2 to 18, 20c.

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14c Roll
T.

BIG "DRIVE OUT" OF BUICK'S FROM FACTORY

Owing to the scarcity of railway equipment, a large number of cars are being driven from the factories. But one of the largest "drive outs" has been in progress during the past week from the Buick Motor Co. at Flint to the customers of the Vesper Buick Auto Co. in the St. Louis territory.

An arrangement was made by F. W. A. Vesper, president of the company, with the factory, whereby they were

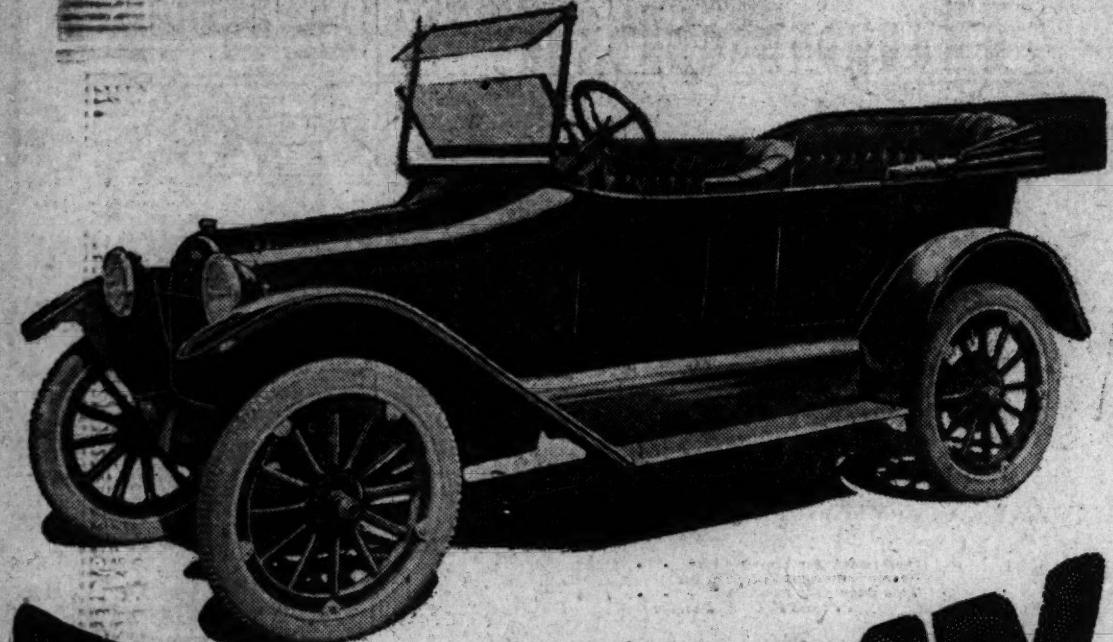
to deliver at the factory 20 cars per day for five days during the present week, and these deliveries have been made.

C. E. Ketcham, one of the company's managers, left last Sunday for the factory, and has been superintending the delivery of the cars during the week. An arrangement in most cases was that the dealer would arrange with the purchasers of cars to go to Flint and drive the cars back under the supervision of the dealer. The dealer in each case arranged a tour, whereby a party would be kept together and the

cars looked after by a competent representative of the dealer in question.

The following dealers have been represented out by C. E. Ketcham, having left the first four days of the week: L. L. Vancil, Morrisonville, Ill.; Howard Zahn, Jacksonville, Ill.; A. E. Condee, Mt. Sterling, Ill.; Wagner Motor Co., Elkhorn, Ill.; J. Vanner, Winchester, Ill.; Henry Geise, Quincy, Ill.; Wagner Motor Co., Jerseyville, Ill.; Carly Motor Co., Shelbyville, Mo.; Clyde Brubaker, Litchfield, Ill.; E. J. Cushing, Assumption, Ill.

Arrangements were made by F. W. A. Vesper, president of the company, with the factory, whereby they were



ECONOMY

is best secured in the CHEVROLET!

THIS
CAR
COSTS
ONLY
\$660
Complete

Its
Performance
Is
Unsurpassed

It Operates
at Minimum
Expense

\$660 gets you this car with equipment and finish that, in any other make of automobile, would cost you much more. It gets you the famous Valve-in-head Motor, Auto-Lite Starting System, Willard Storage Batteries, slanting, ventilating Windshield, One-man Top, three-speed Transmission, Remy Ignition, Zenith Carburetor, Speedometer, Ammeter and everything else that goes with a complete, modern car—at any price.

The CHEVROLET easily makes 50 miles an hour on the level, or takes a stiff grade like Art Hill at 5 miles an hour on "high." In spite of its phenomenal power, this car is unusually light in weight; and its spring construction makes it an uncommonly "good actor" on even the most difficult roads.

We have on file, for your inspection, Owners' own checked records proving that the CHEVROLET averages 21.6 miles on a gallon of gasoline and more than 500 miles on a gallon of oil; also that its repair bills are practically negligible.

You want the very best motor car, of course—and that's the CHEVROLET. Come in, and let us show you this car. Salesrooms open every evening and Sundays.

Bomont
95

Brandle

MOTORS CO.

Lindell-Locust Cut-off and Olive

Central
301

(SUB-DEALERS)

Krite-Gates Motor Co.
Florissant and Warne.

Broadway Motor Co.
Broadway and Cass.

<p

**MADE 1300 MILES
ON 50 GALLONS OF GAS**

Twelve hundred ninety-seven and seven-tenths miles, over heart-breaking roads, on 48 gallons and two quarts of gasoline, or an average of 26.7 miles to the gallon for the entire distance, is a record that any cross-country driver would be expected to boast about.

This performance which is nothing out of the ordinary for a British car was made by Charles F. Hopkins Jr. in a brand-new stock Paige from Jackson, Mich., to his home city, St. Augustine, Fla.

The decision to make an economy

run out of the drive over the Dixie highway was not made until the last minute. It was not staged as such runs are usually staged, and the statement by Mr. Hopkins has a sound that is distinctly different.

"I made up my mind," said Hopkins, "that this run would be on the square from start to finish. I did not even take the advantage that would be given by using high-test gasoline. As for either which is usually used in such tests, there was no difference. I did not have much book-keep to coast on, and even if I did, my trip was long enough that I knew there would be a hill to climb at one spot."

This performance which is nothing out of the ordinary for a British car was made by Charles F. Hopkins Jr. in a brand-new stock Paige from Jackson, Mich., to his home city, St. Augustine, Fla.

The decision to make an economy

NEW LIGHT LENS.

Another new product has been added to the already extensive line manufactured by the Stewart-Warren Speedometer Corporation of Chicago. The latest offering is a no-glare headlight lens under the name of the Stewart lens.

The Stewart lens, it is announced, presents a radical departure from ordinary lenses in that it is entirely new in design, fits any car, takes but a minute to install and sells at the popular price of \$2.

Based on scientific principles, the design of this new entry into motor car headlight circles consists of a cup-shaped glass bowl which surrounds the light bulb. At the back it fits around the bulb stem. The forward end is open. The outer surface is covered with a series of curved reflections while the inner surface is ribbed.

It is claimed that this design not only provides a 100 per cent light, but a light that furnishes the maximum of safety for driving in that it illuminates an area much wider than the road and far enough ahead to permit fast driving. One of the faults of many lenses, it is said, has been that they projected a concentrated light which struck the road in but one spot.

The installation of the Stewart lens simply makes necessary the removal of the front glass, taking out the lamp bulb and placing the lens.

BATTERY CARE EASY

"Every battery owner who expects his battery to give satisfaction must face this fact sooner or later—no matter what make of battery he has, certain attentions must be given regularly to keep it in good working condition," says Mr. V. M. Brady of the local Prest-O-Lite Battery Service Station.

The question then is whether he is willing to care for it himself or wishes it cared for by battery experts whose services are available at the disposal of all.

"The motorist who wishes to care

for his own battery should read our brief, understandable literature which explains clearly just how a storage battery is made, how it works and what attention it needs. In addition we furnish him with a chart which graphically illustrates the functions of plates, separators, electrolyte and other elements that are a mystery to most motorists. This chart we are always glad to explain.

"Our literature and instruction is designed to remove all fear for the asking and marks the end of all battery confusion for the motorists taking advantage of it."

"The battery user who does not wish to care for his own battery should go to a frequenting service which is complete and convenient. As often as he cares to drive to our battery service station, 2700 Locust street, we are glad to add distilled water if necessary, and check up the condition of the battery and charge. This service permits the owner to keep his battery under constant supervision by men who know."

"With these service features available for the asking there is no reason for any battery user ever having trouble with his battery."

INTEREST IN NEW CAR

No announcement from St. Louis automobile circles has created the great amount of interest among dealers as was evinced in the statement made through the newspapers by the Moon Motor Car Co., that it would produce a new \$1000, high-class automobile, and that it was expected that the production would reach 20,000 cars per annum. Telegrams have poured into the Moon Motor Car Co., asking for the agency for this car and in many instances dealers throughout the country have made

special trips to the Moon factory to secure the agency. The fact that the Moon Motor Car Co. has been in the business of building vehicles for half a century and that its reputation has always been given a high standard has given force to the statement that the new \$1000 car would meet every expectation and every promise made for it.

According to Stewart McDonald, vice president and general manager of the Moon Motor Car Co., the announced production of 20,000 cars per annum will not be too many cars to supply the demand which has already been great for this car.

The fact that the car is equipped with the Continental motor, with Timken bearings throughout, with the Spicer universal joints and that on a test made 25 miles to the gallon of gasoline makes it an unusual car.

COLBURN QUITS DORRIS. Webster M. Colburn, second vice president and general manager of the Dorris Motor Car Co., who has been connected with that company since its foundation, has resigned that office and has severed his connection with the Dorris

company. Colburn announces that he leaves the company under the pleasantest conditions and that he will retain his stock in the company. He leaves to enter another business.

REMY - HOUK - STROMBERG
Ignition Wires Wheels Carburetors
Official Service Stations—Trained Mechanics—Extra Parts, Etc.
Vehicle Top & Supply Co., 3414 Lindell Ave.
Automobile Tops, Bodies, Painting and Supplies.
GOODYEAR RIMS AND TIRES

(1893-1917)

25th Successful Year

HAYNES

"America's First Car"

Own "America's Greatest Light Six"—Still \$1595!

SINCE early February Haynes prices have not advanced. Other "Sixes," formerly selling around \$1200 and \$1300, now cost as much as a quality Haynes. Buy your Haynes now. Save the first cost. 3½c per mile—at present prices for gas, tires, oil and repairs—drives a Haynes in most localities. 1200 owners report this amazing economy. Save on upkeep!

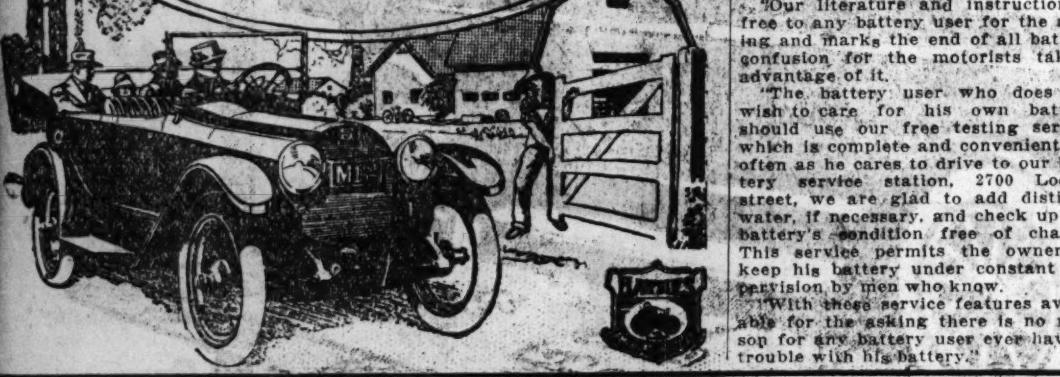
The Haynes is the oldest American automobile. Durability and long life are traditional. It stands up. Save on wear and tear!

THREE BIG SAVINGS

These are cogent reasons for investigating the Haynes, and the man wise in the way of living will surely verify the claims made for this surpassing car.

Our Service Department is noted for its efficiency, and is a valuable asset to every Haynes owner. Call by and inspect our exceptional facilities.

Wilson Motor Car Company,
3118 LOCUST STREET, ST. LOUIS
Bonmot—1439—Central



The Westcott Six

SERIES 18
ANTICIPATES THE REQUIREMENTS
OF COMING YEARS

ONE by one the builders of high-grade motor cars are substituting oil cups for grease cups in chassis lubrication. The Westcott Six is the first car with chassis perfectly lubricated by oil cups exclusively.

The "self-acting" top is bound to supersede the one-man top on touring cars and roadsters. Westcott is the first to use it as standard equipment on all open models.

Engineers unanimously agree that motor temperature must be uniform under all conditions to secure maximum efficiency at minimum consumption of fuel. Uniform temperature can be maintained only by automatic regulation. The Westcott is equipped with a thermostat, the only device known that automatically and unfailingly accomplishes this result.

Every Westcott Car is road-tested before leaving the hands of the Westcott engineers. Every car of the Eighteen Series comes to us only after having demonstrated its masterful performance on hills and in traffic. It will come to you, the proven master over all cars of its class.

PRICES F. O. B. SPRINGFIELD, OHIO

Seven or Five Passenger Touring Cars	\$1750
Four Passenger Touring Roadster	1700
Seven or Five Passenger Convertible Sedans	2250
Four Passenger Convertible Coupe	2250

Brandle Motors Company
Lindell, Locust Cutoff and Olive

Bonmot 95—Central 301

Salesroom Open Every Evening and Sundays



PAIGE

"The Most Beautiful Car in America."

The House of Newell Modern—Efficient—Conservative

To be really popular, a motor car must have, not only many friends, but the right kind of friends. It must be endorsed by the conservative, discriminating buying public—that smaller body of citizens which represents our best thought in business, professional and social activities.

It is such an ownership that builds prestige. It is such an ownership that has made the Paige supreme among the "light sixes" and the Paige Dealership an institution of true local significance.

From every angle the combination of Newell and the Paige is a very happy one. This splendid car expresses our idealism perfectly and we, in turn, are prepared to live up to the best of Paige traditions.

We are, of course, very proud of this business and the vast strides that it has made during the past four years. In seeking an explanation for our success, however, we are obliged to concede that our methods have been anything but daringly original.

Instead of attempting to blaze new trails in merchandising, we have adhered strictly to the first principles laid down by those splendid pioneers, Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney, Stix, Baer & Fuller, Famous-Barr Co., and other successful merchants.

We have rejected as unsound the "spectacular stunt" and placed all of our faith in the "square deal."

We have willingly sacrificed the cut price sale and waited patiently for the customer who would appreciate a policy that conserves his own interests as well as ours.

We have not been over zealous in our anxiety to sell by sacrificing our profit in overestimating trade values on used cars.

As a consequence, the Newell Motor Company is recognized as a non-partisan house—a fair house—a one-

price house. The word has gone forth that we live up to our promises and stand squarely behind every motor car that leaves this establishment.

In short, the public has learned that we are dependable, conscientious merchants—selling only the kind of merchandise that we, ourselves, can believe in and recommend unqualifiedly.

And now, let us remind you of just one of the many reasons why your car should be a Paige.

It is a matter of record in fifteen of the principal cities that Paige used cars bring a higher price—proportionate to first cost—than any other American automobiles.

And here, after all is said and done, is the final test of quality.

A used car has been "through the mill." Its motor and all its working parts have been subjected to constant strain.

Its "finish" has been knocked off—if it will come off at all.

Its gears, its rear axle and its transmission have endured the punishment of day-in and day-out pounding. All of its weakness is plainly evident—and likewise its strength.

The used car either stands before you a broken down, dispirited "has-been"—or a strong, robust champion of many battles—ready and eager for all the service that man can give it.

That, we repeat, is the final test of quality.

And in this test the Paige stands supreme. After fifteen, twenty-five, thirty-five thousand miles of service, there is still enough GOODNESS left in a Paige to command the record price in used car markets.

Frankly, now, is there anything that we could tell you about this car that would be more convincing? Could you have any better guarantee that a Paige is all that we claim it to be—all that you could possibly expect it to be?

PAIGE-DETROIT MOTOR CAR COMPANY, DETROIT

Newell Motor Company

Locust at Jefferson,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

